

# **भारत का राजपत्र** **The Gazette of India**

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित  
PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

सं० ९] नई दिल्ली, शनिवार, मार्च ४, १९६७/फाल्गुन १३, १८८८  
No. 9] NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1967/PHALGUNA 13, 1888

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

नोटिस

NOTICE

नीचे लिखे भारत के असाधारण राजपत्र २२ फरवरी, १९६७ तक प्रकाशित किए गये।

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published upto the 22nd February 1967:—

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
86	S.O. 595, dated February, 1967.	14th Election Commission, India.	Appointment of some Assistant Returning Officers to assist the Returning Officers for the Parliamentary Constituencies in the State of Uttar Pradesh as specified in the table therein.
87	S.O. 596, dated February, 1967.	15th Ministry of Home Affairs.	Direction regarding the Articles of Association of each of the companies referred to therein.
88	S.O. 597, dated February, 1967.	15th Election Commission, India.	Decision of the High Court of Judicature at Allahabad given on the 19th December, 1966 on the appeals and Writ petitions from the order dated the 29th August, 1964 of the Election Tribunal, Allahabad.
89	S.O. 598, dated February, 1967.	15th Central Board of Direct Taxes.	The Income-tax (Amendment) Rules, 1967.
90	S.O. 599, dated February, 1967.	16th Ministry of Commerce.	Appointing the persons as the Panel of Experts.

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
91	S.O. 600, dated February, 1967.	16th Election Commission, India.	Appointment of additional officers as Assistant Returning Officers for the Parliamentary constituencies in the Madhya Pradesh as specified in the table therein.
92	S.O. 601, dated February 1967.	16th Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation.	Award of the Arbitrator in the Industrial dispute between the employers in relation to Madras Dock Labour Board and their workmen.
93	S.O. 602, dated February, 1967.	16th Ministry of Iron and Steel. ]	Increase in the prices of the controlled categories of steel.
94	S.O. 603, dated February, 1967.	17th Election Commission, India. ]	Appointing the Tahsildar Arki as the officer to assist the Returning officer for Simla parliamentary constituency.
95	S.O. 604, dated February, 1967.	17th Ministry of Commerce.	Amendments in the notification No. S.O. 1688, dated 3rd June, 1966.
96	S.O. 605, dated February, 1967.	18th Do.	Amendments in the notification No. S.O. 2425, dated 2nd August, 1965.
97	S.O. 606, dated February, 1967.	18th Do.	Further amendments of the Export <sup>s</sup> (Control) Order, 1962.
98	S.O. 607, dated February, 1967.	18th Election Commission, India.	Amendments in the notification No. 434/MP/66, dated 15th February, 1967.
99	S.O. 608, dated February, 1967.	18th Do.]	List of contesting candidates for the House of the People for the State of Jammu and Kashmir.
100	S.O. 609, dated February, 1967.	18th Ministry of Home Affairs.]	Amendment in the Order No. S.O. 1531, dated 19th May, 1966
	S.O. 610, dated February, 1967.	18th Do.]	Amendment in the Order No. S.O. 1529, dated 19th May, 1966.
101	S.O. 611, dated February, 1967.	19th Ministry of Commerce.	Direction to the Producer to sell 15 tonnes of Titanium Dioxide in his possession to the person specified in the table therein.
102	S.O. 612, dated February, 1967.	20th Do.]	Appointing the persons as the panel of experts as mentioned in the table therein.
103	S.O. 684, dated February, 1967.	21st Do.]	Amendments to the Exports (Control) Order, 1962.
104	S.O. 685, dated February, 1967.	21st Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Community Development and Co-operation.	Delegation of powers under the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 to the Government of Bihar in relation to the prices, stocks and movements of cattle fodder of any of the varieties specified in the Schedule therein.

Issue No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
105	S.O. 686, dated 22nd February 1967.	Ministry of Home Affairs.	Directions in respect of the State Agricultural Marketing Board constituted under the Punjab Agricultural Produce Markets Act, 1961.

ऊपर लिखे असाधारण राजपत्रों की प्रतियां प्रकाशन प्रबन्धक, सिविल लाइन्स, दिल्ली के नाम मांगपत्र भेजने पर भेजी जाएंगी। मांगपत्र प्रबन्धक के पास इन राजपत्रों के जारी होने की तारीख से 10 दिन के भीतर पहुंच जाने चाहिए।

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. Indents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of these Gazettes.

## भाग II—खण्ड 3—उपखण्ड (ii)

### PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

(रक्षा मंत्रालय को छोड़कर) भारत सरकार के मंत्रालयों और (संघ क्षेत्र प्रशासन को छोड़कर) केन्द्रीय प्राधिकरणों द्वारा जारी किए गए अधिष्ठाता आदेश और अधिसूचनाएं।

**Statutory orders and notifications issued by the Ministries of the Government of India (other than the Ministry of Defence) and by Central Authorities (other than the Administration of Union Territories).**

## MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY PLANNING

(Department of Health)

*New Delhi, the 28th February 1967*

**S.O. 698.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (p) of sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Indian Ports Act, 1908 (15 of 1908), the Central Government hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Indian Port Health Rules, 1955, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (2) of section 6 of the said Act, namely :—

1. These rules may be called the Indian Port Health (Amendment) Rules 1967.
2. In the Indian Port Health Rules, 1955—rule 12 shall be renumbered as sub-rule (1) of that rule and after sub-rule (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-rule shall be inserted, namely :—

“(2) Where special problems constituting a grave danger to public health exist, a person on an international voyage may, on arrival, be required to give a destination address in writing”.

[No. F. 20-2/66-IH.]

AMAR NATH VARMA, Under Secy.

## ORDERS

*New Delhi, the 23rd February 1967*

**S.O. 699.**—Whereas the Government of India in the late Ministry of Health has, by notification No. 16-28/62-MI, dated the 31st January, 1963, made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian

Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), recognised the medical qualification "Doctor of Medicine" granted by the University of Michigan Medical School, USA for the purposes of the said Act;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) the Central Government hereby specifies the period of two years with effect from the date of this order or so long as Dr. J. P. Veldman who possesses the said qualification, continues to work in the Wanless Hospital, Miraj Medical Centre, Miraj, to which he is attached for the time being for the purposes of teaching, research or charitable work, whichever is shorter, as the period to which the medical practice of the said Dr. J. P. Veldman shall be limited, provided that during this period he continues to be enrolled as medical practitioner in accordance with the Law regulating the registration of medical practitioners in his country.

[No. F. 19-2/67-MPT.]

**S.O. 700.**—Whereas the Government of India in the late Ministry of Health has, by notification No. 32-30/63-MPT, dated the 5th June, 1964, made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), recognised the medical qualification M.D. (John Hopkins University, USA) for the purposes of the said Act;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) the Central Government hereby specifies the period of two years with effect from the 31st July, 1966, or so long as Dr. Ronald S. Seaton, who possesses the said qualification, continues to work in the St. Luke's Hospital and Hillside Sanatorium, Vengurla, Dist., Ratnagiri, to which he is attached for the time being for the purposes of teaching, research or charitable work, whichever is shorter, as the period to which the medical practice of the said Dr. Ronald S. Seaton shall be limited.

2. This Order shall be deemed to have come into force on the 31st July, 1966.

[No. F. 19-42/66-MPT.]

**S.O. 701.**—Whereas the Government of India in the late Ministry of Health has, by notification No. 16-21/61-MI, dated the 28th February, 1962, made in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956), recognised the medical qualification Doctor of Medicine (M.D.) granted by the Western Ontario University, Canada for the purposes of the said Act;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-section (1) of section 14 of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1956 (102 of 1956) the Central Government hereby specifies a further period of two years with effect from the 10th December, 1966, or so long as Dr. Keith E. Fidler who possesses the said qualification, continues to work in the Umri Mission Hospital, Yeotmal Dist., (Maharashtra) to which he is attached for the time being for the purposes of teaching, research or charitable work, whichever is shorter, as the period to which the medical practice of the said Dr. Keith E. Fidler shall be limited, provided that during this period he continues to be enrolled as a medical practitioner in accordance with the law regulating the registration of medical practitioners in his country.

[No. F. 19-1/67-MPT.]

P. C. ARORA, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

(Department of Economic Affairs)

New Delhi, the 22nd February 1967

S.O. 702.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 17th February 1967

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Capital Paid Up . . . . .	5,00,00,000	Notes . . . . .	25,56,67,000
		Rupee Coin <sup>†</sup> . . . . .	5,10,000
Reserve Fund . . . . .	780,00,00,000	Small Coin . . . . .	72,80,000
		Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund . . . . .	115,00,00,000	(a) Internal . . . . .	..
		(b) External . . . . .	..
		(c) Government Treasury Bills . . . . .	220,40,84,00 <sup>0</sup>
National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund <sup>†</sup> . . . . .	16,00,00,000	Balances Held Abroad* . . . . .	12,70,29,000
		Investments** . . . . .	168,49,95 <sup>1</sup> 000
National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund . . . . .	20,00,00,000	Loans and Advances to :—	
		(i) Central Government . . . . .	..
		(ii) State Governments@ . . . . .	80,73,15,000

LIABILITIES	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.
Deposits:—		Loans and Advances to:—	
(a) Government		(i) Scheduled Commercial Banks†	68,58,10,000
(i) Central Government . . . . .	52,45,94,000	(ii) State Co-operative Banks††	166,52,17,000
(ii) State Governments . . . . .	26,37,07,000	(iii) Others . . . . .	1,74,95,000
(b) Banks—		Loans, Advances and Investments from National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	
(i) Scheduled Commercial Banks . . . . .	113,74,35,000	(a) Loans and Advances to:—	
(ii) Scheduled State Co-operative Banks . . . . .	4,52,78,000	(i) State Governments . . . . .	28,65,04,000
(iii) Non-Scheduled State Co-operative Banks . . . . .	59,48,000	(ii) State Co-operative Banks . . . . .	12,69,20,000
(iv) Other Banks . . . . .	2,91,000	(iii) Central Land Mortgage Banks . . . . .	..
(c) Others . . . . .	272,18,22,000	(b) Investment in Central Land Mortgage Bank Debentures . . . . .	7,11,93,000
Bills Payable . . . . .	32,43,05,000	Loans & Advances from National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund . . . . .	..
Other Liabilities . . . . .	97,92,10,000	Loans and Advances to State Co-operative Banks . . . . .	3,49,31,000
		Loans, Advances and Investments from National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund	
		(a) Loans and Advances to the Development Bank . . . . .	5,18,88,000
		(b) Investment in bonds/debentures issued by the Development Bank . . . . .	..
		Other Assets . . . . .	34,27,52,000
Rupees . . . . .	836,25,90,000	Rupees . . . . .	836,25,90,000

\*Includes Cash and Short-term Securities.

**\*\*Excluding Investments from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Industrial Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund.**

@Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund, but including temporary overdrafts to State Governments.

†Includes Rs. 34,52,00,000 advanced to scheduled commercial banks against usance bills under Section 17(4)(c) of the R.B.I. Act.

††Excluding Loans and Advances from the National Agricultural Credit (Long Term Operations) Fund and the National Agricultural Credit (Stabilisation) Fund.

Dated the 22nd day of February 1967.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 17th day of February 1967

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	25,56,67,000		Gold Coin and Bullion —		
Notes in circulation	3006,29,47,000		(a) Held in India	115,89,25,000	
Total Notes issued		3031,86,14,000	(b) Held outside India	..	
			Foreign Securities	186,42,01,000	
			TOTAL		302,31,26,000
			Rupee Coin		79,63,29,000
			Government of India Rupee Securities		2649,91,59,000
			Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		..
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3031,86,14,000	TOTAL ASSETS		3031,86,14,000

P. C. BHATTACHARYYA, Governor.

[No. P. 3(3)-BC/67.]

Dated the 22nd day of February 1967.

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

**S.O. 703.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 53 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 (10 of 1949), the Central Government, on the recommendation of the Reserve Bank of India, hereby declares that the provisions of section 9 of the said Act shall not apply to the Bareilly Corporation (Bank) Ltd., Bareilly,—

- (a) in respect of the immovable properties held by it at Farrukhabad, and
- (b) in respect of the house property held by it at Jugalghat, Brindaban (District Mathura)

till the 13th December 1967.

[No. F. 15(3)-BC/67.]

V. SWAMINATHAN, Under Secy.

**(Department of Revenue and Insurance)**

*New Delhi, the 15th February 1967*

**S.O. 704.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 9, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 12, and sub-rule (1) of rule 24, read with rule 34, of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) S.R.O. No. 612 dated the 28th February, 1957 namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, in Part II, General Central Service, Class III, under the heading "Directorate of Inspection (Customs and Central Excise)" for the existing entries the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5
"All posts equal to or above the rank of "Assistant"	Director of Inspection	Director of Inspection Deputy Director of Inspection	All (i) to (iv)	Central Board of Excise and Customs. Director of Inspection
II other posts below the rank of "Assistant".	Deputy Director of Inspection	Deputy Director of Inspection	All	Director of Inspection

[No. F. 19/190/66-AD V.]

**S.O. 705.**—In pursuance of sub-rule (2) of rule 9, clause (b) of sub-rule (2) of rule 12 and sub-rule (1) of rule 24, read with rule 34 of the Central Civil Services (Classification, Control and Appeal) Rules, 1965, the President hereby makes the following further amendments in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue) No. S.R.O. 612, dated the 28th February, 1957, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification,

in Part II—General Central Service—Class III, under the heading "Customs Department", under the sub-heading "Non-Ministerial" for the entries relating to "All other posts above the rank of Preventive Officer, Grade II" and "All other posts equal or below the rank of Preventive Officer, Grade II", the following shall be substituted, namely:—

1	2	3	4	5
Examiner	Deputy Collector of Customs in respect of persons under his control.	Deputy Collector of Customs	All	Collector of Customs



1	2	3	4	5
	Collector of Customs where there is no Deputy Collector of Customs.	Collector of Customs.  Assistant Collector of Customs.	All  (i) to (iv)	Central Board of Excise and Customs.  Deputy Collector of Customs in respect of the persons under his control. Collector of Customs where there is no Deputy Collector of Customs.
All other posts above the rank of Preventive Officer, Grade II.	Additional Collector of Customs.	Additional Collector of Customs.	All	Collector of Customs.
	Collector where there is no Additional Collector of Customs.	Collector of Customs.  Assistant Collector of Customs	All  (i) to (iv)	Central Board of Excise & Customs  Additional Collector of Customs in respect of penalties (i) to (iv). Collector of customs where there is no Additional Collector of Customs.
All other posts equal to or below the rank of Preventive Officer, Grade II.	Assistant Collector of Customs	Assistant Collector of Customs.		All Additional Collector of Customs in respect of penalties (i) to (iv). Collector of Customs, where there is no Additional Collector of Customs. Collector of Customs in respect of penalties (v) to (ix)."

[No. F. 19/265/65-ADV.]

M. D. SHARMA, Under Secy.

## (Department of Revenue and Insurance)

## CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 4th March 1967

S.O. 706.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby appoints Shri M. C. Das, Collector of Customs and Central Excise, Goa, as the Collector of Customs, Bombay, also.

2. The appointment of Shri M. C. Das made under paragraph 1 shall be without prejudice to the appointment of Shri M. A. Rangaswamy as the Collector of Customs, Bombay.

[No. 17/F. No. 22/2/67-Cus. IV.]

D. N. LAL, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Revenue and Insurance)****CUSTOMS***New Delhi, the 4th March 1967*

**S.O. 707.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of section 7 read with clause (a) of sub-section (3) of section 160 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby makes the following amendment to the notification of the late Central Board of Revenue, No. 29-Customs, dated the 2nd April, 1960, namely:—

In the Schedule annexed to the said notification, Serial Number 16 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. 19/F. No. 14/26/66-LC-II.]

**S.O. 708.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of section 7 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Government hereby appoints the port of Kotda in the State of Gujarat as a coastal port for the carrying on of trade in coastal goods with all ports in India.

[No. 20/F. No. 14/26/66-LC. II.]

M. S. SUBRAMANYAM, Under Secy.

**CENTRAL BOARD OF EXCISE AND CUSTOMS****CUSTOMS***New Delhi, the 4th March 1967*

**S.O. 709.**—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962), the Central Board of Excise and Customs hereby directs that Shri M. C. Das, Collector of Customs, Bombay, shall not, as such Collector, exercise any powers or discharge any duties conferred or imposed on a Collector of Customs under the said Act other than those under Chapter XIV thereof.

[No. 18/F. No. 22/2/67-Cus. IV.]

D. N. LAL, Secy.

**CENTRAL EXCISE COLLECTORATE, DELHI****CENTRAL EXCISE***New Delhi, the 22nd February 1967*

**S.O. 710.**—In pursuance of Rule 5 of the Central Excise Rules, 1944, I hereby authorise the Officers mentioned in column 2 of the table given below to exercise within their respective jurisdiction, the powers of the Collector under rules mentioned in column 3 of the table subject to the limitations in column 4 of the table:—

S. No.	Ranks of Officers	C. E. Rule	Limitation, if any
1.	Superintendent	18	Execution of the bond in presence of the Superintendent and its acceptance by him only after the amount of security is fixed by the Collector on merits of each case.

[No. 1/67.]

R. PRASAD, Collector.

**MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND CHEMICALS***New Delhi, the 5th January 1967*

**S.O. 711.**—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals S.O. No. 3177 dated the 14th October, 1966 under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Scheduled appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipelines;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Government;

And, whereas, the Central Government has, after considering the said report, decided to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 8 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification is hereby acquire for laying the pipelines and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of that section, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said lands, shall instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration in the Oil and Natural Gas Commission free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE					
State—Gujarat		District—Baroda	Taluka—Padra		
Village		Survey No.	H.	Are	P. Are
Sokhada Khurd	.	458	0	2	33
Sarasawani	.	1252	0	5	31
"	.	1212	0	8	97
Goriad	.	526	0	5	34
"	.	21/1	0	1	20

[No. 31/38/63-PROD. Vol.5.]

**S.O. 712.**—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals S.O. No. 2796 dated the 7th September, 1966 under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipelines;

And, whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Government;

And, whereas, the Central Government has, after considering the said report, decided to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification is hereby acquired for laying the pipelines and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of that section, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said lands, shall instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration in the Oil and Natural Gas Commission free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE					
State—Gujarat		District—Mehasana	Taluka—Kadi		
Village		S. No.	H.	Are.	P. Are.
Ambapura	.	134	0	4	05
"	.	135	0	8	09

[No. 25/29/65-PROD.]

*New Delhi, the 20th February 1967*

**S.O. 713.**—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals S.O. No. 2993 dated the 14th September, 1966, under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipelines;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Government;

And, whereas, the Central Government has, after considering the said report, decided to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification;

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification is hereby acquired for laying the pipelines and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of that section, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said lands, shall instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration in the Oil and Natural Gas Commission free from all encumbrances.

## SCHEDULE

State—Gujarat	District—Baroda	Taluka—Baroda			
Village	Survey No.	H.	Are	P. Are.	
Bhaili . . . . .	989	0	25	30	
” . . . . .	1155/5	0	10	03	
Gokalpura . . . . .	83	0	24	68	

[No. 31/38/63-Prod. Vol. 2A.]

**S.O. 714.**—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals S.O. No. 3292 dated the 24th October, 1966, under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipelines;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Government;

And, whereas, the Central Government has, after considering the said report, decided to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification is hereby acquired for laying the pipelines and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of that section, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said lands, shall instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration in the Oil and Natural Gas Commission free from all encumbrances.

## SCHEDULE

State—Gujarat	District—Baroda	Taluka—Baroda			
Village	Survey No.	Hectare	Are	P. Are	
Gotri . . . . .	150	0	4	91	

[No. 31/38/63-Prod. Vol. 2B.]

**S.O. 715.**—Whereas by a notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals S.O. No. 3291 dated the 24th October, 1966, under sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962), the Central Government declared its intention to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to that notification for the purpose of laying pipelines;

And whereas the competent authority has, under sub-section (i) of section 6 of the said Act, submitted report to the Government;

And, whereas, the Central Government has, after considering the said report, decided to acquire the right of user in the lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 6 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby declares that the right of user in the said lands specified in the Schedule appended to this notification is hereby acquired for laying the pipelines and in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of that section, the Central Government directs that the right of user in the said lands, shall instead of vesting in the Central Government, vest on the date of the publication of this declaration in the Oil and Natural Gas Commission free from all encumbrances.

SCHEDULE

State—Gujarat		District—Baroda		Taluka—Baroda	
Village		Survey No.	Hectare	Acre	P. Acre
Bhaili	.	2201	0	8	46
Koyali	.	328	0	15	88
Bajuwa	.	76	0	1	01
Samiala	.	646	0	2	52

[No. 31/38/63-Prod. Vol. 2C.]

C. P. JACOB, Under Secy.

(Department of Chemicals)

New Delhi, the 25th February 1967

**S.O. 716.**—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that it is necessary in the public interest that for the transport of crude Petroleum (Naphta) from the Burma-Shell Refineries Ltd. at Mahul in Maharashtra State to National Organic Chemicals Industries Ltd., Bombay, situated at village Ghansoli, in Maharashtra State, pipeline should be laid by the National Organic Chemicals Industries Ltd., Bombay, and that for the purpose of laying such pipeline it is necessary to acquire the Right of User in Land described in the schedule annexed hereto.

2. Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Petroleum Pipelines (Acquisition of Right of User in Land) Act, 1962 (50 of 1962) the Central Government hereby declares its intention to acquire the Right of the said user therein;

3. Any person interested in the said land may within 21 days from the date of this Notification object to the laying of the pipelines under the land to the Special Land Acquisition Officer, Bombay, and Competent Authority at, 1/B-2, "Basant Park Co-operative Housing Society", Ghatkepar Mahul Road, Chembur, Bombay-71. Every person making such an objection shall also state specifically whether he wishes to be heard in person or by legal practitioner.

SCHEDULE

State—Maharashtra		District—Bombay Suburban		Area required in		
Taluka	Village	Survey Nos.		Gunthas	Sq. yds.	Sq. Fect
Kurla	Chembur	419	.	27	66	3
Do.	Do.	357/A (part)	.	13	27	..
Do.	Do.	357/A	.	11	2	3

Taluka	Village	Survey Nos.	Area required in		
			Gunthas	Sq. Yds.	Sq. Feet
Kurla	Chembur	326	2	113	5
Do.	Do.	14 A/1A.A.I.A.I (N.A. plot 35)	18	44	20
Do.	Do.	320 (part)	23	40	3
Do.	Vikhroli	65 Area 2	39	72	1
District—Thana Thana	Chendani	118 A/I part Gut. Numbers	14	29	3
Do.	Dighe	242/1	4	93	7
Do.	Do.	242/2	33	7	0
Do.	Do.	242/4	31	26	7
Do.	Do.	236	11	2	3
Do.	Do.	237	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	326	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	325	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	197 (part)	1	101	2
Do.	Do.	192	36	88	4
Do.	Do.	196	11	2	3
Do.	Kalwa	369/1	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	369/3	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	369/4	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	369/6	5	61	6
Do.	Do.	373/2	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	361/1	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	365/1/1	5	61	6
Do.	Do.	356	14	83	7
Do.	Do.	354	5	61	6
Do.	Do.	323	6	29	5
Do.	Do.	327	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	328	3	81	4
Do.	Do.	371/B	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	365 1/2	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	361/2	7	41	8
Do.	Do.	361/3	..	90	3
Do.	Kopari	86	25	86	1

[No. 2/40/66-Ch. I.]

S. SUNDARARAJAN, Under Secy.

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS

(P. &amp; T. Board)

New Delhi, the 23rd February 1967

S.O. 717.—In pursuance of para (a) of Section III of Rule 434 of Indian Telegraph Rules, 1951, as introduced by S.O. No. 627 dated 8th March, 1960, the Director General Posts and Telegraphs, hereby specifies the 1st April 1967 as the date on which the Measured Rate System will be introduced in Patar Telephone Exchange.

[No. 5-8/67-PHB.]

D. R. BAHL,

Assistant Director General (PHB).

## संचार विभाग

(डाक-तार बोर्ड)

नई दिल्ली, 23, फरवरी 1967

एस० ओ० 718.—स्थायी आदेश क्रमसंख्या 627, दिनांक 8 मार्च, 1960 द्वारा लागू किए गए 1951 के भारतीय तार नियमों के नियम 434 के खण्ड III के पैरा (क) के अनुसार डाक-तार महानिदेशक ने पाटन टेलीफोन केन्द्र में 1-4-1967 से प्रमाणित दर प्रणाली लागू करने का निश्चय किया है ।

[सं० 5-8/67-पी० एच० बी०]

डी० आर० बहल,

सहायक महानिदेशक (पी० एच० बी०)

## CENTRAL ELECTRICITY AUTHORITY

*New Delhi, the 17th February 1967*

S.O. 719.—On reversion to the Central Water and Power Commission (Power Wing), Shri A. Shankaran relinquished charge of the post of Member Secretary, Northern Regional Electricity Board, Ghaziabad on the afternoon of the 31st December, 1966.

[No. 20/2/65-Adm.I(CEA).]

M. M. DHAWAN, Under Secy.  
for Chairman, C.E.A.

## MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

S.O. 720.—In exercise of the powers conferred by rule 10 of the Cinematograph (Censorship) Rules, 1958, the Central Government is pleased to appoint Shri V. B. Prasad, a Senior Administrative Grade (Junior Scale) Officer of the Central Information Service, and posted as Deputy Director in the Directorate of Advertising and Visual Publicity, New Delhi, to officiate as Regional Officer, Central Board of Film Censors, Madras, with effect from the afternoon of 8th February, 1967, until further orders, vice Shri R. Rangarajan.

[No. F. 2/1/67-FC.]

R. K. GOVIL, Under Secy.

## DELHI DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

*New Delhi, the 17th January 1967*

S.O. 721.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 52 of the Delhi Development Act of 1957 (61 of 1957), the Delhi Development Authority hereby directs that the powers exercisable by it under Section 28, sub-Section (1) of Section 30 and Section 31 of the said Act in respect of taking action against unauthorised constructions in 'Development Areas' may now also be exercised by the Municipal Corporation of Delhi.

[No. F. 1(31)/63-GA.]

*New Delhi, the 20th February 1967*

**S.O. 722.**—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (4) of Section 22 of the Delhi Development Act, 1957, the Delhi Development Authority has replaced at the disposal of the Central Government the land described in the schedule below for placing it at the disposal of the Land and Development Officer, Ministry of Works, Housing and Urban Development, Government of India, New Delhi for further transfer to the C.P.W.D. for development of Gandhi Samadhi and for construction of a new road leading to Power House.

**SCHEDULE**

Piece of land measuring 5.282 acres bearing Khasra/Plot No. 753/328 situated in Inderprastha Estate.

The above piece of land is bounded as follows:—

North:—Pucca Road leading to Power House.

South:—Ganda Nala.

East:—Power House.

West:—Road and Ganda Nala.

[No. L2(25)63.]

M. L. MONGIA, Secy.  
Delhi Development Authority.

**MINISTRY OF LABOUR, EMPLOYMENT AND REHABILITATION**

*New Delhi, the 14th February 1967*

**S.O. 723.**—The following draft of a notification which the Central Government proposes to issue in exercise of the powers conferred on it by sub-section (2) of section 26 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948), is hereby published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after 1st March, 1967.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft before the date so specified will be considered by the Central Government.

*Draft*

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 26 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948) and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation No. S.O. 682 dated the 23rd February, 1966 the Central Government, having regard to the special regulations that have been framed in respect of the service conditions of employees working in vessels, shore-stations and survey parties under the Calcutta Port Commissioners, hereby directs that subject to the conditions hereinafter specified the provisions of sections 13 and 14 of the said Act shall not apply to the said employees for a further period of one year with effect on and from the 23rd February, 1967.

2. The conditions referred to in paragraph 1 are the following, namely:—

- (i) the Port Commissioners shall publish the said regulations in a pamphlet form in the English language and in the language or the languages understood by the majority of the employees;
- (ii) before making any amendment to the aforesaid regulations, the Port Commissioners shall inform the employees concerned by notice, to be put up on the notice board of the office of the Port Commissioners, of the proposed amendment and shall consider any suggestions that may be made in respect thereof within 20 days of such notice; and
- (iii) a copy of the pamphlet referred to in condition (i) above and a copy of every amendment thereto shall be supplied to each employee concerned.

[No. LWI-I-8(1)/67.]



*New Delhi, the 27th February 1967*

**S.O. 724.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 26 of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948), the Central Government hereby directs that, for a period of five years from the date of publication of this notification, the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the said Act, in so far as it requires a register of wages to be maintained in the prescribed form, namely, Form X of the Minimum Wages (Central) Rules, 1950 shall not apply in relation to the monthly rated employees of Military Dairy Farms for whom minimum rates of wages have been fixed under the said Act, subject to the condition that particulars of such employees shall be maintained in Form I.A.F. (Farms)-18 which is set out in the Schedule to this notification and which shall be deemed to be the register of wages in Form X aforesaid for the purpose of the Minimum Wages Act, 1948 (11 of 1948) and the Minimum Wages (Central) Rules, 1950.

## SCHEDULE

I.A.F. (Farms)—18

Wages book for the month of \_\_\_\_\_ 19

Sl. No.	Name of employee with father's name if illiterate	Designation	Rate of pay	Casual leave taken up to end of previous month	Dates				Total days	Casual leave taken		Amount due	Deduction	Amount paid	Dated initials of DAD OIC Manager	Remarks and signature or thumb impression of payee
					(1)	(2)	(3)	(4 to 31)		During the month	Upto end of month					

[No. LWI I-5(6)/63.]

O. P. TALWAR, Under Secy.

(Department of Labour and Employment)

New Delhi, the 21st February 1967

**S.O. 725.**—Whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the public interest requires that iron ore mining industry should be declared to be a public utility service for the purposes of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby declares the said industry to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a period of six months from the date of publication of this notification in the Official Gazette.

[No. F.1/2/67-LR.I.]

**S.O. 726.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that it is necessary in the public interest to add to the First Schedule to the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), 'Iron Ore Mining Industry';

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 40 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby adds the following items in the First Schedule to the said Act, after item 15 thereof, namely:—

'16. Iron Ore Mining'.

[No. F.1/2/67/LR.I.]

New Delhi, the 24th February 1967

**S.O. 727.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of Shri A. N. Roy, Arbitrator in the industrial dispute between the employer in relation to the management of Rajhara Mechanised Mines of Bhilai Steel Plant, District Durg, Madhya Pradesh, and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 15th February, 1967.

Arbitration award in the matter of an industrial dispute between the management of Bhilai Steel Plant of Hindustan Steel Ltd., P.O. Bhilai, Dist. Durg (M.P.) and their workmen represented by the Steel Workers' Union, Bhilai over promotion of Shri G. Appa Rao, Fitter (Mechanical), Rajhara Mechanised (Mines), Dist. Durg (M.P.)—Arbitration agreement as published in the Gazette by the Ministry of Labour, Employment & Rehabilitation (Deptt. of Labour & Employment) by Order No. 37/21/66-LRI dated 10th November 1966 under Section 10-A of the I.D. Act, 1947.

INDUSTRY:— Iron Ore.

STATE:— Madhya Pradesh.

PRESENT

Shri A. N. Roy, Regional Labour Commissioner (C), Ajmer—Arbitrator.

Representing Employer:

Shri S. Balkrishnan, Personnel Officer (Mines), Bhilai Steel Plant, Hindustan Steel Ltd., P.O. Durg (M.P.).

Representing workmen:

(i) Shri P. B. Chakravarty, Secretary, Steel Workers' Union, Rajhara, P.O. Dalli-Rajhara, Dist. Durg (M.P.).

(ii) Shri P. K. Verghese, Executive Member, Steel Workers' Union, Rajhara, P.O. Dalli-Rajhara, Dist. Durg (M.P.).

By an arbitration agreement the General Manager, Bhilai Steel Plant, Bhilai, Dist. Durg and their workmen employed in the Rajhara Mechanised Mines represented by the Organising Secretary, Steel Workers' Union, Bhilai and the Secretary,

Steel Workers' Union, Rajhara agreed to refer the following issue for my arbitration under Section 10-A of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947:—

Whether Shri G. Apparao, Fitter (M), Rajhara Mechanised Mines, Rajhara, (Dist. Durg, M.P.) is entitled for promotion to the post of Senior Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350/- with effect from 1-4-63?

2. The Union submitted a statement of its case on 20-12-66 vide its letter dated 16-12-66 while the Personnel Officer (Mines), Bhilai Steel Plant submitted his comments on the union's statement as well as his own case in his statement dated 24-12-66. Thereafter the parties were heard by me at Nagpur on 26th and 27th Dec. 1966 as also on 28-1-67.

3. In brief, the union's case is as follows:—

Shri Apparao was a mechanic in the scale of Rs. 150—200 before his promotion as fitter(M) in the scale of Rs. 160—280 with effect from 1-4-63. The designation and grade given to Shri Apparao with effect from 1-4-62 on promotion was wrong. Since his designation was mechanic he should have been promoted as Senior Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 as per line of promotion and as per the old set up prevailing before 13-1-64. He was promoted as Fitter(M) in the scale of Rs. 160—280 without his consent. There is a vast difference in the nature of job of a mechanic and that of a Fitter(M). The post of a Mechanic is superior to that of a Fitter(M). Thus Shri Apparao has been down graded from the point of view of cadre which amounts to unfair labour practice. If Shri Apparao was to be promoted in accordance with the new set-up of line of promotion as laid down with effect from 13-1-64 he should have been promoted as mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 against one of the 3 posts sanctioned in the Rajhara Mechanised (Mines) or as a Senior Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 against the vacancy caused by the promotion of Shri Nasir Khan, Sr. Mechanic as chargeman (Mechanical) in the scale of Rs. 250—300 with effect from 13-1-64. Shri Nasir Khan was promoted as Sr. Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 (Revised grade) from Fitter (M) in the scale of Rs. 130—170 (Revised). Shri Khan has subsequently been promoted as Chargeman(M) in the scale of Rs. 250—380 with effect from 13-1-64. The management should have similarly promoted Shri Apparao as Sr. Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 or as Mechanic in the scale Rs. 200—350. The Union has also contended that after the promotion of Shri Nasir Khan to the post of chargeman with effect from 13-4-64 the post of Sr. Mechanic is lying vacant and the local management has been extracting the work of a Sr. Mechanic from Shri Apparao with effect from that date. Thus the union's final contention is that if Shri Nasir Khan could have been promoted as Sr. Mechanic from a lower scale and a different category there was no reason why Shri Apparao, who was already a mechanic, could not be given that post from the date of his (Apparao's) promotion i.e. from 1-4-63.

4. The management's case in brief runs thus:—

Shri Apparao was working in the workcharged establishment as Fitter(M) in the grade Rs. 90—130 (old). He was absorbed as Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 100—160 (old)—(150—210) (Revised) and posted in the Rajhara Mechanised (Mines). He joined duties with effect from 9-11-60. Since then he continued to work as Mechanic till he was promoted as Fitter(M) in the scale of Rs. 160—280 (revised) with effect from 1-4-63 as per recommendation of the D.P.C. which met on 17-12-62. Shri Apparao had not objected to his promotion as Fitter(M) in the scale of Rs. 160—280. The Union's claim that Shri Apparao should have been promoted as Sr. Mechanic in the grade of Rs. 200—350 as per channel of promotion with effect from 1-4-63 is baseless and untenable. There was no such channel of promotion for Mechanics to be promoted as Mechanic/Sr. Mechanic. As a matter of fact both Mechanic and Fitter(M) were bracketed for promotion to higher posts of either Fitter(M) or Mechanic. His promotion to the post of Fitter(M) in the scale of Rs. 160—280 was done accordingly. As far as jobs of Fitter and Fitter(M) are concerned both are same. It is a case of promotion in the same trade all along working in the mechanical maintenance alongwith Fitter(M). He was doing the same job. Designation and grade given to Shri Apparao on the recommendation of the D.P.C. are absolutely correct and in order. Hence the Union's allegation that Shri Apparao should have been promoted as per the line of promotion as per old set-up, prior to 13-1-64 to the post of Sr. Mechanic is totally baseless. The management further contended that Shri Apparao himself was Fitter(M) and was selected to the post of Mechanic proves that these designations were synonymous. Following the practices prevailing in the past both Fitter(M) and Mechanics were bracketed together for higher promotion when the channel of promotion was notified on

13-1-64. All the unions had been consulted before introducing the line of promotion and no one had raised any objection to Fitter(M) and Mechanic being bracketed for purposes of promotion. The objection now being raised by the Steel Workers' Union is an after-thought. Hence the promotion of Shri Apparao to the post of Fitter(M) in the next higher grade of Rs. 160—280 was perfectly in order. The Union's contention that Shri Apparao should have been given the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from 13-1-64 is not relevant so far as the present reference is concerned. In the present reference the question to be decided was whether Shri Apparao was entitled to the post of Sr. Mechanic in the scale of Rs. 200—350 with effect from 1-4-63. Shri Apparao was promoted to the post of Fitter(M) with effect from 1-4-63 as per recommendation of the D.P.C. Unless it was proved that the management's action was mala fide there was no scope for interference by the union. In course of argument during arbitration proceedings the management contended that the union has already accepted the document filed by the management about job description for Fitter and Mechanic. According to that document the job description for both categories was the same. It was, therefore, fallacious on the part of the union to argue now that the jobs were different. The union had insisted on the production of line of promotion effective from 13-1-64 in spite of its relevancy being questioned by the management on the ground that the same was required to prove the principles on which the promotions were made. The documents produced by the management showing the line of promotion was accepted as correct by the union. It, therefore, follows logically from the admission made by the Union itself that the principle shown in the line of promotion would be applicable to the promotion made on 1-4-63. It is, therefore, contended that Shri Apparao was rightly promoted to higher scale of Rs. 160—280 in the cadre Fitter(M) and he has no claim for the post of Sr. Mechanic. The grant of scale for the post of Sr. Mechanic to Shri Nasir Khan was not relevant to the issue. Actually Shri Nasir Khan was given the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from 1-4-62 and was put on probation for a period of 6 months and during this period he was given the scale of Rs. 160—280 only. He was regularised in the scale of Rs. 280—350 from 1-10-62. The relevant date under reference before the arbitrator viz. 1-4-63 does not enter into picture at all in citing the case of Shri Nasir Khan.

In reply to the questions put by me to the management's representative it was clarified that Shri Nasir Khan was promoted to the post of Sr. Mechanic, by way of selection. A number of candidates including Shri Apparao and Nasir Khan had applied for the post and Nasir Khan was selected for the post of Sr. Mechanic even though he (Nasir Khan) was in the lower scale of Rs. 130—170 compared to the scale of Rs. 150—210 in which Shri Apparao was then working. It is, therefore, clear that Shri Apparao could not claim the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from either 1-4-62 or 1-4-63 once it is accepted that the post of Sr. Mechanic was a selection post. The union has, however, pointed out that since the date of Shri Nasir Khan's promotion to the post of chageman with effect from 13-1-64, Shri Apparao has in fact been working as a Sr. Mechanic. The management have not challenged the above statement of the union but has only commented that this was not relevant to the issue under reference. As the relevant date in the present reference was 1-4-63 and after the union has accepted the job description as furnished by the management in which it has been clearly laid down that the nature of work performed by both the Fitter(M) and Mechanic was the same, the Union's contention that they were in fact different cannot be accepted. Thus in the light of what has been stated above I uphold the management's contention that Shri Apparao was not entitled to the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from 1-4-63. But there appears to be a strong case for Shri Apparao being considered for the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from 13-4-64 from which date the Union claims that Shri Apparao was working in fact as a Sr. Mechanic. I would, therefore, recommend to the management that they reconsider the case of Shri Apparao for promotion to the post of Sr. Mechanic with effect from 13-4-64.

I give my award accordingly.

A. N. Roy,

Ajmer,

Regional Labour Commissioner (Central),

Dated 13th February, 1967.

Arbitrator.

BEFORE SHRI A. N. ROY, ARBITRATOR AND R.L.C. (C), AJMER

In the matter of Industrial Dispute between the Management of Bhilai Steel Plant & Workmen represented by Steel Worker's Union (Rajhara) vide Govt. of India's notification in the Gazette No. 37/21/66-LRI dated 10th November 1966, we hereby jointly agree that the Arbitrator may make his award by 28-2-1967 thereby

extending the time limit laid down in the Arbitration Agreement published vide the Govt's order referred to above.

Sd./- B. V. RAO, 27-12-66.

Representing Steel Worker's  
Union, Rajhara.

Sd./- S. BALAKRISHNAM, 27-12-66.

Representing Management of  
Bhilai Steel Plant

[No. F. 37/21 '66-LRI.]

**S.O. 728.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal-Cum-Labour Court, Jabalpur, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Nandini Lime Stone Mines of Bhilai Steel Project and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 13th February, 1967.

**BEFORE THE INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL-CUM-LABOUR COURT (CENTRAL)  
AT JABALPUR.**

*Dated January 30, 1967.*

**PRESENT:**

Sri G. C. Agarwala.—*Presiding Officer.*

REFERENCE No. CIT/LC (30)/1966 (JABALPUR)

REFERENCE No. CGIT-(14)/1965 (BOMBAY).

In the matter of an Industrial Dispute between the Employers in relation to Nandini Lime Stone Mines of Bhilai Steel Project and their Workmen.

**APPEARANCES:**

*For the employers.*—S/Sri L. J. Kale, Senior Labour Officer (Mines) and G. P. Dubey, Asstt., Law Officer (Mines).

*For the workmen.*—1. Sri H. C. Gupta, Secretary, Steel Workers Union.  
2. Sri P. K. Thakur, Vice President, S. K. M. Sangh.

**INDUSTRY:** Lime Stone Mine.

**DISTRICT:** Durg (M.P.)

**AWARD**

By notification No. 22/41/64-LR-I dated 17th February, 1965, Ministry of Labour and Employment, Government of India, referred the following matter of dispute as stated in the Schedule to the order of Reference under Section 10 of Industrial Disputes Act, for adjudication to the Central Government Industrial Tribunal, Bombay:

**SCHEDULE**

1. Whether the workers of Nandini Mechanised Mines of Bhilai Steel Project, Post Office Nandini Mines Durg District had achieved the target of production to entitle themselves for the payment of 10 per cent production bonus in the month of August, 1964?
2. If so, whether the management was justified in denying the payment thereof to the workers? If not, to what relief are they entitled?

The proceedings remained pending before the said Tribunal from 26th February, 1965, to 12th October, 1966 whereafter case was transferred to this Tribunal by Notification No. 26/11/66 dated 28th September, 1966.

In order to comprehend the actual controversy, it would be necessary to give a brief history as a back ground to the dispute.

With a view to encourage production in the mechanised mine in Nandini, the General Manager of the Bhilai Steel Project prepared a scheme known as H.S.L. Mines Bonus Scheme which is Exts. E. 7 and E. 7/A of the record. It was made effective from 1st December, 1961, and was made applicable among other mines to Nandini Mechanised Mine also. Certain graded slaps were mentioned for the progressive rate of bonus. It would be sufficient to state that for production of 25 mm. to 80 mm. sized lime stone chips, the minimum quantity for a month's production was fixed at 27,600 tons. For crossing this target, the workers were entitled to 10 per cent bonus. The maximum was fixed at 46,000 tons per month for crossing which the workers were eligible to 50 per cent bonus. This was admissible only to mechanised mines. For calculation of monthly production, the method

laid down was that for the first 25 days of the calendar month the actual production of the period would be taken into account. For the remaining days of the calendar month, the basis was to be estimated on *pro-rata* basis of the actual production for the first 25 days. The difference between the actual production and the estimated production of the previous month from 26th day till the close of the previous month was, however, to be adjusted in the production of the current month. This method of calculation stated in paragraph 6 of the Scheme is in following terms:—

**"6. (a) Calculation of Monthly Production.**

The total monthly production for any Mine shall be calculated as follows:—

- (i) The production for the first 25 days of a calendar month shall be the actuals for that period;
- (ii) The production for the remaining days of that month (26th to the last days of the month) shall be estimated *pro-rata* on the basis of the actual production for the first 25 days.
- (iii) The difference between the actual production and estimated production as for the period from 26th day to the day of the previous month shall be adjusted in the production of this month.

NOTE.—All production figures in the above calculation shall consist only of approved production which qualifies for Bonus."

The statement filed and prepared by the management for the months of April, 1964 to August, 1964 (Ex. E. 9) would show how the actual and estimated production was calculated for the purpose of bonus during these months. For April 1964 the actual production from 1st to 25th was 29,998.80 tons. The estimated production of *pro rata* was 5,999.75 tons. The total reached was 35,998.55. The last month short-fall was 25.91 tons. Bonus, therefore, paid was on 35,972.64 tons. It may be noticed that the actual production for the month of April, however, was 35,730.30 tons whereas the estimated production calculated for bonus was 35,998.75 tons. Thus there was a actual shortage of 268.55 tons. This shortfall was to be carried forward and deducted in the following months and was so deducted from the figures similarly calculated for the month of May, 1964. The bonus was paid in the months of April and May, 1964, the target having crossed the minimum of 27,600 tons. The target could not be crossed in the months of June and July on the basis of the above calculation and therefore no bonus was paid during these months. The dispute relates for the month of August. The actual production up to 25th August was 22,724.70 tons and the estimated production on *pro rata* basis from 26th to 31st was 5,453.94 tons. The total of these two figures comes to 28,178.64. Out of this shortfall of the previous month of July was 683.56 tons leaving a balance of 27,495.08 tons. As this figure did not reach the target of 27,600 tons, the management gave no bonus for the month of August giving rise to this dispute.

It appears that there are three Unions which raised the identical dispute before the Conciliation Officer. They are (1) Bhilai Steel Kamgar Sangh, (2) Steel Workers Union and (3) Samyukta Khadan Mazdoor Sangh. Separate conciliation proceedings seem to have been undertaken by the Conciliation Officer and he submitted separate failure reports but on the same date which resulted in this reference. All the three unions claimed that the workers should have been paid bonus for the month of August, 1964.

The management and all the three Unions filed their pleadings before the Bombay Tribunal. During the hearing before this Tribunal, the Bhilai Steel Kamgar Sangh, however, remained absent throughout and the workmen's case has been represented by the Samyukta Khadan Mazdoor Sangh and the Steel Workers Union.

At the request of the parties, I made a spot inspection in order to understand the working of the Crushing Plant. A Flow Diagram (Ex. W/4) which was filed by the Bhilai Steel Kamgar Sangh was taken as a basis diagram but a complete Schematic Diagram of equipment was filed by the management and which is a part of my inspection note dated 16th January, 1967. This will show the various machined process through which excavated material passed from the Dumper till the final process in the end up to Hopper Cars.

No oral evidence was produced by parties. The Bhilai Steel Kamgar Sangh filed an extract of Production Bonus Scheme and the Flow Diagram mentioned above which have been marked as Exts. W/1 and W/2. The Samyukta Khadan Mazdoor Sangh filed certain papers as annexures to their written statement out of which it would be relevant to refer only to two and which have been marked as Exts. W. 3 and W. 4. The employers were required to file Log Books for certain

months which are Exts. E/1 to 1E/5. They also filed two statements Ex. E. 6 and E. 7 together with certain statements which they were required to file on affidavit and are Ext. 8/A to Ex. E-8/D and E. 9, as also the Bonus Scheme, Ex. E/10.

It is not necessary to refer to the various grounds on which the Unions based their claim in their pleadings for production bonus for the month of August. The allegation of *mala fide* on the part of the management have not been substantiated by any evidence and may be ignored. It would be sufficient to refer to such of the grounds as have been pressed during arguments by representatives of both the unions.

The first ground urged is that the scheme as propounded is unscientific and unfair, inasmuch as from the production of any particular month, the short-fall of the previous month is deducted. The scheme no doubt is defective in this sense as the actual production of the month is not taken into account. The method by which the assumed production is reached on *pro rata* basis after the 25th day of any month is not adhered to and taken into account but from this the short-fall of the previous month is deducted. This means that the real production is not taken into account. Be that as it may, we have to take the Scheme as such and it is not open to modify that Scheme for the purpose of this reference. The workers had been paid or denied bonus in previous months on the basis of this scheme and the same method will have to be applied for the month of August, 1964 also. The scope of this reference is not to determine the reasonableness or otherwise of the scheme but to determine on the basis of the scheme as such whether the workers were entitled to bonus or not. It may incidentally be mentioned that the management later on realised the flaw in the scheme and modified the same by an order dated 7th February, 1965, copy Ex. W/4. The calculation thereafter was on the basis of the actual production from the first working day of the same month from February 1965 onwards. Even if the contention of the workers that the actual production for the month of August should be taken into account be accepted, it would appear from the statement Ex. E/9 that the actual production was 27,148.50 tons. If the actual production is taken into account they obviously did not reach the target. The assumed production on the basis of which calculations had been prescribed in the scheme was evidently to their advantage as on that basis they were short by 104.92 tons only. The Scheme, therefore, cannot be assailed by the worker in this dispute and obviously for the month in question it operated to their advantage.

The next point urged was that the previous month short-fall of 683.56 tons should not be deducted when they had not been paid bonus in the month of July as also in the month of June. Under the Scheme, the short-fall was not to be made dependant upon the fact whether in the previous month bonus had or had not been paid. It was a method for the purpose of calculation and therefore this point is also untenable.

The third point pressed during the arguments was that on the crucial date which was 25th August, 1964, the Log-book (Central Operator Despatcher Log Book) Ex. E/5 at page 35 shows that because of the Jamming in the Bunker, the machines were stopped. This jamming was removed by 9-30 P.M. It was contended that if there had been no jamming the production would have easily crossed the target and the workers should not be visited with the consequences of this stoppage by jamming in the bunkers. There is nothing to indicate that this was a deliberate act on the part of the management. Such stoppages are usual in the working of the machines and as the Log-book would show, this had been quite frequent. This argument, therefore, is also of no avail.

The last but not the least in importance is a pertinent contention pressed on behalf of the workers. From the Log-book (Ex. E/5) at p. 35 it is clear that although jamming was removed and machines were fit for operation at 9-30 P.M. still there was no working done for the rest of the period of the shift which lasted up to 10 P.M. It is further evident that nearly three dump-cars load of material had been left in the bunker. This quantity of the material had not been taken into account and if the management had not stopped the working of the shift even after clearance of the jamming in the bunker the target could have been easily crossed. The quantity of material in the bunker should be taken into account as the production for the last shift on the 25th of August. One Dump-car carries 60 metric tons of material and for three Dump-car the quantity in the bunker was 180 metric tons. Allowing for the average elimination at 25 per cent as has been the average worked out by the management in their chart for smaller chips below 25 mm., there would still be a balance of 135 tons in the bunker which could have gone to the credit of the workers of 80—25mm. size and if this quantity is added the workers exceed the target of 27,600 tons. No reasonable explanation has been offered on behalf of the management why three dump-cars of material was allowed



to remain in the bunker before closing the shift all together and which was the last shift for the day. There are instances when the shift had been worked upto 9-35 P.M. and such instances have been detailed by the Union, Samyukta Khadan Mazdoor Sangh, in their objections to the Log-books, filed on 14th January, 1966. They have been enumerated in paragraphs 1 to 6 of the objections. The day was a crucial one for the workers and the management should have been fair to see that the three dump car materials which had already gone to the bunker should have been cleared for final crushing before closing the shift. If this quantity of the material is taken into account which should be in a case like this where workers are being deprived of eligible bonus under a Scheme framed by the management itself, it is obvious that the target of 27,600 is easily crossed. After all this, quantity of material had passed through all the stages of drilling and blasting, excavation, transport and only the crushing and the screening part of it had remained to be performed. This last stage could have easily been completed within the remaining half hour of the closing of the shift. The workmen cannot be visited with the consequences of this material omission on the part of the management and which operated to the prejudice of the workers claim for eligibility of bonus. If this quantity of the material in the bunker is taken into account and deducting therefrom the screened chips below 25 mm. it would be found that the workers still become entitled to bonus in accordance with the Scheme formulated by the General Manager by his order dated 28th December, 1961 and the method for calculation of monthly production as prescribed in the Scheme.

The result, therefore, is that the workers of the Nandini Mechanised Mine of the Bhilal Steel Project are found to have achieved the target of production so as to be entitled for the payment of 10 per cent production bonus in the month of August, 1964 and the management was not justified in denying the payment thereof to the workers. The workers are entitled to production bonus for having crossed the figure of 27,600 tons during the month of August, 1964. The Steel Workers Union and the Samyukta Khadan Mazdoor Sangh both will be entitled to Rs. 100/- each as costs of this proceeding from the management.

(Sd.) G. C. AGARWALA,  
Presiding Officer.

[No. 22/41/64-LRI.]

S.O. 729.—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, Rajasthan, Jaipur, in the industrial disputes between the employers in relation to the Phalodi Quarry of Messrs Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur, and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 15th February 1967.

#### CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL, RAJASTHAN, JAIPUR

##### PRESENT

Shri J. S. Ranawat—Judge

CASE No. CIT-5 OF 1966

Ref:—Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), New Delhi Order No. 36/12/66-LRI dated 6th June, 1966.

In the Matter of an Industrial Dispute

##### BETWEEN

The Cement Works Karamchari Sangh, Phalodi Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

##### AND

Messrs. Jaipur Udyog Limited, Phalodi Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

CASE No. CIT-8 OF 1966

Ref:—Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), New Delhi Order No. 36/9/66/LRI dated 20th June, 1966.

In the Matter of an Industrial Dispute

##### BETWEEN

The Cement Works Karamchari Sangh, Jhalodi Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

##### Versus

Messrs Jaipur Udyog Limited, Phalodi Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

## CASE NO. CIT-9 OF 1966

Ref:—Government of India, Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), New Delhi Order No. 36/8/66-LRI dated 21st June, 1966.

In the Matter of an Industrial Dispute

## BETWEEN

The Cement Works Karamchari Sangh, Phalodi, Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

## AND

Messrs Jaipur Udyog Limited, Phalodi Quarry, Sawaimadhopur

## APPEARANCES

For the Sangh:—Shri Ram Kishore Sharma.

For the Company:—Shri C. N. Sharma.

Date of Award: 6th February, 1967.

## AWARD

These are three cases of reference between the management of Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur and their workmen represented by the Cement Works Karamchari Sangh, Sawaimadhopur, regarding the following disputes:—

## CASE NO. CIT-5 OF 1966

"Whether Shri N. D. Rahl, Steno-typist at Phalodi Quarry of Messrs. Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur, is entitled to the grade of Rs. 110—150 with effect from the 18th July, 1960? If not, what relief is he entitled?"

## CASE NO. CIT-8 OF 1966

"Whether Shri Banwari Lal Gautam, an employee at the Phalodi Quarry of Messrs Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur is entitled to the designation of a clerk and to scale of pay of Rs. 70—5—110—EB—5—150 with effect from the 18th July, 1960? If not, what relief is he entitled?"

## CASE NO. CIT-9 OF 1966

(1) Whether Shri S. L. Sokhanda, Cashier, Phalodi Quarry of Messrs Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur is entitled to the following grades for the period mentioned against them:—

(1) From 11th April 1964 to 31st December 1964: Rs. 110—12—170—14—240—EB—15—360.

(2) From 1st January 1965 onwards Rs. 120—13—185—15—260—EB—15—320—20—400?

(2) If not, to what relief is he entitled?

Both the parties amicably settled the aforesaid disputes by the settlement dated 4th of February, 1967, on the following terms and conditions:—

*Memorandum of settlement*

This agreement is made the fourth day of February 1967 between the management of the Jaipur Udyog Ltd., Sawaimadhopur represented by the Quarry Superintendent, on the one part (hereinafter called the Company) and the Cement Works Karamchari Sangh (hereinafter called the Union) represented by the Vice President, Phalodi Quarry, and the General Secretary Phalodi Quarry on the other part.

Whereas the following disputes are pending before the Industrial Tribunal Central Jaipur, under reference Number CIT 5, CIT 8, CIT 9 of 1966.

CIT-5 "Whether Shri N. D. Rahl, Steno Typist, at Phalodi Quarry of M/s. Jaipur Udyog Ltd., Sawaimadhopur, is entitled to the grade of 110—360 with effect from the 1st January, 1965? If not to what relief is he entitled?"

CIT-8 "Whether Shri Banwari Lal Gautam an employee at the Phalodi Quarry of M/s. Jaipur Udyog, Sawaimadhopur is entitled to the designation of

a Clerk and to the scale of pay of Rs. 70—5—110—EB—5—150 with effect from 18th July, 1960? If not to what relief is he entitled?"

CIT-9 "Whether Shri S. L. Sokhanda, Cashier, Phalodi Quarry of M/s. Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur is entitled to the following grades for the period mentioned against them.

(1) From 11th April 1964 to 31st December 1964: Rs. 110—12—170—14—240—EB—15—360.

(2) From 1st January 1965 onwards Rs. 120—13—185—15—260—EB—15—320—20—400?

If not, to what relief is he entitled?"

And whereas both the parties, being desirous of mutual settlement on the above referred disputes, hereby agree as follows:—

#### *Terms of settlement*

##### *Para No. 1 Pertaining to CIT-5 of 1966*

Both the parties agree that Shri N. D. Rahi Steno Typist be given the grade of Rs. 100—10—180—12—204—EB—12—300 with a basic salary of Rs. 160-00 per month with effect from 1st June, 1966.

##### *Para No. 2 Pertaining to CIT-8 of 1966*

It is agreed that Shri Banwari Lal Gautam will be designated as T. K.—cum—Clerk and will be fixed in the grade of Rs. 70—5—110—EB—5—150 with a basic salary of Rs. 70-00 per month with effect from 1st June, 1966.

##### *Para No. 3 Pertaining to CIT-9 of 1966*

Both the parties hereby agree that Shri S. L. Sokhanda, Cashier, will be given the grade of Rs. 100—10—180—12—204 EB—12—300 with a basic salary of Rs. 140-00 per month effective from 1st June, 1966.

Para No. 4 The Union agrees that in view of the above terms of settlement no fresh dispute in connection with the above referred issues will be raised hereafter.

Para No. 5 Both the parties further agree that:—

All cases on issues covered by this agreement pending before the Industrial Tribunal (Central) Jaipur, on the date of the signing of this agreement stand settled in terms of this agreement. And a copy of this agreement shall be filed jointly before the Industrial Tribunal (Central) Jaipur for giving his award in terms of this agreement.

In witness whereof this Memorandum of settlement is signed by the parties at Phalodi Quarry, Distt. Sawaimadhopur on the fourth day of February, 1967."

The settlement was verified by Shri Ram Kishore Sharma, Treasurer of the Cement Works Karamchari Sangh, Sawaimadhopur and Shri C. N. Sharma for the Jaipur Udyog Limited, Sawaimadhopur.

An award is passed in the aforesaid three cases in terms of the settlement as stated above. A copy of the award shall be submitted to the Government of India for publication.

(Sd.) J. S. RANAWAT,

Judge.

Central Government Industrial Tribunal Rajasthan,  
Jaipur.

[No. 36/12/66/LRI.]

*New Delhi the 28th February 1967*

**S.O. 730.**—Whereas the Central Government being satisfied that the public interest so required had declared by a notification made in pursuance of the provisions of the proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (n) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), (being the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment), No. S.O. 2654, dated the 29th August, 1966), service in hospitals and dispensaries carried on by or under the authority of the Central Government, to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a period of six months from the 7th September, 1966;

And whereas the Central Government is of the opinion that public interest requires the extension of the said period by a further period of six months;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to sub-clause (vi) of clause (i) of section 2 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby declares the said service to be a public utility service for the purposes of the said Act for a further period of six months from the 7th March, 1967.

[No. 1/5/67-LRI.]

### ORDERS

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

**S.O. 731.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Bank of Madura Limited, Madurai and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7A and clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby constitutes an Industrial Tribunal of which Shri B. S. Somasundaram shall be the Presiding Officer, with headquarters at Madras and refers the said dispute for adjudication to the said Tribunal.

### SCHEDULE

1. Whether the Management of the Bank of Madras Limited, Madurai is justified in not treating the special allowance as part of salary or wage, for the purpose of calculation of bonus payable to its employees for the years 1964 and 1965? If not, to what relief are the concerned workmen entitled?
2. Whether the Management of the Bank of Madras Limited, Madurai is justified in not paying bonus for the years 1964 and 1965 to the 'Probationers' employed by them? If not, to what relief are the said probationers entitled?

[No. 51(51)/66-LRIV]

*New Delhi, the 25th February 1967*

**S.O. 732.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the management of Messrs The Statesman Ltd., Calcutta and New Delhi and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed and that the said dispute involves a question of national importance and that the dispute is also of such a nature that industrial establishments situated in more than one State are likely to be interested in, or affected by, such dispute;

And, whereas the Central Government is of opinion that the dispute should be adjudicated by a National Tribunal;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1A) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute to the National Tribunal constituted by the order of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, Employment & Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) No. S.O. 2661 dated the 25th August, 1966, for adjudication.

**SCHEDULE**

1. Bonus for the year 1964 payable in 1965.
2. Bonus for the year 1965 payable in 1966.
3. Dearness allowance.
4. Medical benefits.
5. Leave.

[No. 8/44/66-LR-IV.]

*New Delhi, the 27th February 1967*

**S.O. 733.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Indian Overseas Bank Limited and their workmen in respect of the matter specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Delhi constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

**SCHEDULE**

Whether the dismissal of Sarvashri J. K. Saigal, M.P. Jain, J. P. Rohtagi and Raj Kumar by the management of the Indian Overseas Bank Limited, with effect from the 23rd November, 1966 is justified? If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled?

[No. 51(46)/66-LR-IV.]

A. L. HANDA, Under Secy.

**(Department of Labour and Employment)**

*New Delhi, the 21st February 1967*

**S.O. 734.**—Whereas Messrs Glenfield and Kennedy Limited, 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta-1 (hereinafter referred to as the said establishment), has applied for exemption under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952);

And whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the benefits conferred by the rules of the Provident Fund of the said establishment on the employees of the said establishment are on the whole not less favourable than those available under the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952) and the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952 (hereinafter referred to as the said Scheme) in relation to the employees in any other establishment of a similar character;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (1) of section 17 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby exempts with immediate effect the Glenfield and Kennedy Limited, 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta-1 from the operation of all the provisions of the said Scheme subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule annexed.

**SCHEDULE**

*Conditions governing grant of exemption under section 17(1) of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952.*

1. The employer shall submit such returns to the Regional Commissioner as the Central Provident Fund Commissioner may, from time to time, prescribe.
2. The employer shall furnish to each employee an Annual Statement of Account or Pass Book in such form as may be approved by the Regional Commissioner.

3. The employer shall transfer to the Board of Trustees, Provident Fund Contributions of each month within fifteen days of the close of the month and all amounts on account of contributions shall be invested in the securities of the Central Government as early as possible and not later than two weeks of such transfer.

4. All expenses involved in the administration of the fund including the maintenance of accounts, submission of accounts and returns, transfer of accumulations and payment of inspection charges shall be borne by the employer.

5. The employer shall display on the notice board of the establishment, a copy of the rules of the fund as amended from time to time and as approved by the Central Government along with a translation of the salient points thereof in the language of the majority of the employees.

6. Where an employee who is already a member of the Employees' Provident Fund (Statutory Fund) or the Provident Fund of another exempted establishment is employed in his establishment, the employer shall immediately enrol him as a member of the Fund of his establishment, and accept the past accumulations in respect of such employee and credit the same to his account.

7. The rules of the fund shall provide for nomination in accordance with the provisions contained in paragraph 61 of the Employees' Provident Funds Scheme, 1952.

8. The employer shall pay to the Regional Commissioner inspection charges at such rates as may be prescribed by the Central Government, failing which damages under section 14B of the Employees' Provident Funds Act shall be levied.

9. On all repayable loans granted by the establishment, interest shall be charged at the rate of 4 per cent or 1 per cent above the rate allowed on the balance to the credit of the members, whichever is higher.

10. The establishment shall enhance the rate of provident fund contribution appropriately if the rate of Provident Fund Contributions for the class of establishments in which the said establishment falls is enhanced under the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952, so that the benefits under the provident fund scheme of the said establishment shall not become less favourable than the benefits provided under the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952.

11. The establishment shall submit an audited balance sheet of its provident fund every year to the appropriate Regional Provident Fund Commissioner within 3 months of the close of the year.

12. No amendment of the rules of the provident fund shall be made without the previous approval of the appropriate Regional Commissioner. Where any amendment proposed to the said rules is likely to affect adversely the interests of the employees, the Regional Commissioner shall before giving his approval, give a reasonable opportunity to the employees to explain their point of view.

[No. 11/7/66/PF-II.]

**S.O. 735.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that (1) Bidha Dal Oil Mills, (2) Shri Vijaya Dal and Oil Mill, (3) Itarsi Electric Supply Co. Ltd., and (4) Laxmi Oil & Dal Mills were situated in Itarsi area which was a sparse area

(that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the district of Hoshangabad in the State of Madhya Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of their location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factories were granted exemption from the payment of employers' special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. S.O. 2665 dated the 2nd November, 1961;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Itarsi area in the district of Hoshangabad in the State of Madhya Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification namely:

In Schedule V appended to the said notification, against Serial No. 11, the word "Itarsi" in column 4 and the following entries in column 5 shall be omitted namely:

1. Bidha Dal Oil Mills
2. Shri Vijay Dal & Oil Mill
3. Itarsi Electric Supply Co. Ltd.
4. Laxmi Oil & Dal Mills.

[No. F.6/64/66-HI /1.]

**S.O. 736.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that (1) Gulab Chand Suwalal Da' Mills and (2) Swastik Dal Mills were situated in Itarsi area which was a sparse area (that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the district of Hoshangabad in the State of Madhya Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of their location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factories were granted exemption from the payment of the employers' special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour and Employment No. F.6(39)/62-HI dated the 7th September, 1962;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Itarsi area in the district of Hoshangabad in the State of Madhya Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification, namely:

In the Schedule appended to the said notification, against serial No. 6 all the entries relating thereto in columns 2, 3 and 4 shall be omitted.

[No. F.6(64)/66--HI/II.]

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*New Delhi, the 22nd February 1967*

**S.O. 737.**—In pursuance of section 36 of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the audited accounts of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation for the year 1964-65 are hereby published for general information.



## EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION

Income and expenditure Account for the year ended 31st March, 1965.

## INCOME

## EXPENDITURE

Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Amount	Total	Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Amount	Total
		Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
by Contributions :—				1. Benefits to insured persons and their families.			
8,10,90,051	Employers' Share only.	9,96,74,412		A. Medical Benefits.			
6,64,13,980	Employees' share only.	8,87,92,177		(i) Payments to State Govts. etc. As Corporations' Share of their expenses on providing Medical treatment and maternity facilities etc.			
14,75,04,031			-8,84,67,589			6,96,84,320	
							5,17,34,403
Other Heads of Revenue.				(ii) Medical treatment and care and maternity facilities (expenses incurred direct by the Corporation) (Total Expenditure)			
Grant-in-aid, Donations and Gifts.						34,88,362	
							7,31,72,682
				B. Cash Benefits.			
75,76,001	Interests and Dividends	72,95,756		(1) Sickness Benefits.			
1,12,231	Compensations	1,05,602				4,30,83,641	
2,03,553	Rents, Rates and Taxes.	25,282		(2) Extended Sickness Benefits.			
4,931	Fees, Fines and Forfeitures.	3,439				33,28,102	
1,85,594	Miscellaneous.	2,00,062		(3) Maternity Benefits			
80,82,362			76,30,141			24,24,141	
				(4) Temporary Disablement Benefits			
						51,63,079	
				(5) Permanent Disablement Benefits.			
				(Capitalised Value)			
						73,04,700	
				(6) Dependants Benefits			
				(Capitalised Value)			
						22,77,000	
				TOTAL—B. Cash Benefits			
							6,35,80,663
							5,34,54,191

				EXPENDITURE		
Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Amount	Total	Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Total
Rs.			Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
					<i>C. Other Benefits.</i>	
				7,754	(1) Provision of Artificial Limbs .	19,765
				95,614	(2) Medical Boards .	96,496
					(3) Fees paid for post-mortem examination of insured persons .	20
					(4) Payments to insured persons on account of conveyance charges and/or loss of wages .	34,115
					(5) Cost of Artificial teeth provided to insured persons .	307
				10,000	(6) Grant-in-aid .	1,600
				80,239	(7) Miscellaneous .	87,945
				2,26,844	TOTAL—C.—Other Benefits .	2,40,248
				10,84,70,407	TOTAL—Benefits to insured persons and their families.	13,69,93,593
					<i>2. Administration Expenses</i>	
					<i>A. Superintendence.</i>	
				20,546	(1) Corporation, Standing Committee, Regional Boards, etc. .	26,902
				1,70,692	(2) Principal Officers. .	2,01,042
				11,16,389	(3) Other Officers .	13,10,319
				34,69,807	(4) Ministerial Establishment. .	43,44,182
				7,01,045	(5) Class IV Servants. .	8,55,167
				20,59,385	(6) Contingencies .	28,48,203
				75,37,864	TOTAL—A. Superintendence. .	95,85,815
					<i>B. Field Work</i>	
				2,03,804	(1) Officers. .	2,64,115
				41,88,813	(2) Ministerial Establishment .	52,94,389
				7,14,713	(3) Class IV Servants. .	9,14,476
				8,48,616	(4) Contingencies. .	9,29,568
				59,55,946	TOTAL—B. Field Work .	74,02,548

		<b>C. Other Charges.</b>	
90,634		(1) Legal Charges .	99,171
18,629		(2) Insurance Courts	11,205
2,581		(3) Publicity & Advertisement	4,896
		(4) Charges for maintaining Banking Accounts	7,207
15,018		(5) Audit Fees	58,595
48,838		(6) Depreciation of Office Buildings/Dispensaries/Equipments/Staff cars etc.	1,90,102
1,59,175		(7) Repairs, Maintenance of office buildings owned by the Corporation	44,530
34,600		(8) Repairs and Maintenance of Hospital Buildings, owned by the Corporation	3,64,186
		(9) Pension Reserve Fund for the Employees of the Corporation	2,61,700
5,13,000		(10) Corporations' Contribution to ESI Corporation Provident Fund	5,00,000
4,79,998		(11) Interest paid to the ESI Coprn. Provident Fund	3,12,726
2,55,055		(12) Less interest & gain realised on Investment	(—) 79,187
(—) 36,552		(13) Miscellaneous	74
10,678		(14) Losses	..
260			
<u>15,91,914</u>		<b>TOTAL—C. Other Charges</b>	<b>17,75,205</b>
	1,50,85,724	<b>TOTAL-2-ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES</b>	<b>1,87,63,568</b>
	12,35,56,131	<b>TOTAL—EXPENDITURE ON REVENUE ACCOUNT</b>	<b>15,57,57,161</b>

INCOME				EXPENDITURE			
Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Amount	Total	Previous Year (1963-64)	Head of Account	Amount	Total
Rs.				Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
					To excess of income over expenditure Carried over to Balance Sheet		4,03,40,569
				3,20,30,262			
15,55,86,393	GRAND TOTAL		19,60,97,730	15,55,86,393	GRAND TOTAL		19,60,97,720

NEW DELHI :  
Dated the 31st May, 1965.

Sd/- T. P. KHOSLA  
Chief Accounts Officers,  
Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

*Balance Sheet as on 31st March, 1965*

APPENDIX 'B'

Previous Year (1963-64)	Liabilities	Amount	Total	Previous Year (1963-64)	Assets	Amount	Total
Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
	<i>Balance of excess of Income.</i>				<i>Lands and Buildings (wholly owned by the Corporation).</i>		
	<i>Over Expenditure</i>				<i>(a) Buildings for offices of the Corporation (including staff quarters)</i>		
24,26,47,055	As per last Balance Sheet	27,46,77,317		13,71,254	As per last Balance Sheet	14,12,896	
3,20,30,262	Accumulations during the year	4,03,40,569		41,642	Additions during the year	676	
27,46,77,317			31,50,17,886	14,12,896		14,13,572	
	<i>Permanent (Partial and Total) Disablement, Resettlement Fund</i>				<i>(b) Hospitals and Dispensaries</i>		
2,34,88,600	As per last Balance Sheet	2,52,39,818		64,13,044	As per last Balance Sheet	1,03,83,371	
55,20,700	Provision made during the year	73,04,700		39,70,327	Additions during the year	2,56,83,661	
10,37,789	Interest received from investments (Interest received Rs. 11,11,121)	11,17,615					
	(Gain on realisation Rs. 6,494)						
3,00,47,089		3,36,62,133		1,03,83,371		3,60,67,032	
48,07,271	Less Payments made during the year.	49,44,589		1,17,56,267			3,74,80,604
2,52,39,818			2,87,17,144				

Previous Year (1963-64)	Liabilities	Amount	Total	Previous Year (1963-64)	Assets	Amount	Total
Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
	<i>Dependents' Benefit Reserve Fund</i>				<i>Lands &amp; Buildings (jointly owned by the Corporation and State Governments--Corporation's share.)</i>		
					<i>(a) Hospitals Dispensaries.</i>		
81,04,154	As per last balance sheet	95,08,539		2,97,483	As per last balance sheet	2,97,483	
16,92,300	Provision made during the year	22,77,000		..	Additions during the year	33,540	
4,14,081	Interest received from investments (Interest received. Rs. 4,29,072/-) (Gain on realisation Rs. 5,205/-).	4,34,277		<u>2,97,483</u>		<u>3,31,023</u>	
1,02,10,535		1,22,19,816			<i>(b) Equipments for Hospitals etc.</i>		
7,01,996	Less Payments made during year	8,29,368			As per last balance sheet	49,680	
<u>95,08,539</u>			1,13,90,448	49,680	Additions during the year	..	
				<u>49,680</u>		<u>49,680</u>	3,80,703
	<i>Employees' State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund.</i>			3,47,163	<i>Suspense (Advance for construction of Hospitals, their equipments, offices etc.)</i>		
59,90,092	As per last Balance Sheet	74,01,992			As per last balance sheet	7,58,64,318	
10,91,083	Add Amount credited during year:-			4,26,14,944	Add Payments made during the year	3,72,52,786	
	Employee's Contribution	12,12,905		3,32,49,374			
4,80,000	Corporation Contribution	5,00,000					
2,55,055	Interest on Employee's and Corporation Shares	3,12,726		7,58,64,318		11,31,17,104	
				..	Less Adjustments & Recoveries	2,57,52,669	
78,16,230		94,27,623		7,58,64,318			8,73,64,435
4,14,238	Less Payments made during the year	5,21,348					
<u>74,01,992</u>			89,06,275		<i>Staff Cars</i>		
	<i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation (including staff quarters).</i>				As per last balance sheet	84,089	
1,38,399	As per last balance sheet	1,56,384		67,296	Add Payments made during the year	60	
15,216	Provision made during the year	15,420		16,794			
2,769	Interest received from investments	9,365					
<u>1,56,384</u>			1,81,169	<u>84,089</u>			<u>84,149</u>

*Depreciation Reserve Fund of equipments in Hospitals and Examination Centres.*

18,010	As per last balance sheet	22,978
4,968	Provision made during the year	4,968
..	Interest received from investments	..
22,978		

*Depreciation Reserve Fund of Hospitals.*

44,712	As per last balance sheet	1,72,602
1,26,984	Provision made during the year	1,56,667
906	Interest received from investment	3,318
1,72,602		

*Depreciation Reserve Fund of Staff Cars.*

17,100	As per last balance sheet	29,107
12,007	Provision made during the year	13,047
..	Interest received from investments	..
29,107		

*Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund of buildings for the Offices of the Corporation.*

1,06,460	As per last balance sheet	1,36,958
33,000	Provision made during the year	44,530
2,704	Interest received on investments	10,289
1,42,164		1,91,777

*Permanent Advance to the Head Offices of the Corporation.*

17,056	As per last balance sheet	19,226
2,350	Add Payments made during the year	1,539
19,406		20,765
180	Less Recoveries made during year	299
19,226		

*Advance of Pay on transfer to the Employees' of the Corporation.*

5,651	As per last balance sheet	14,129
56,234	Add Payments made during year	61,103
61,886		75,232
47,756	Less Recoveries made during year	67,624
14,129		

*Advance of T.A. on transfer to the Employees' of the Corporation.*

10,327	As per last balance sheet	17,573
76,746	Add Payments made during year	83,130
87,073		1,00,703
69,500	Less Recoveries made during year	82,509
17,573		

*Advance for purchase of Conveyances to the Employees' of the Corporation.*

1,09,479	As per last balance sheet	1,21,316
1,04,948	Add Payments during the year	1,31,190
93,111		2,52,506
1,21,316	Less Recoveries made during the year	1,10,675
		1,41,831

20,466

7,608

18,194

Previous year (1963-64)	Liabilities	Amount	Total	Previous year (1963-64)	Assets	Amount	Total
Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
5,206	Less payments made during the year	10,335			House Building Advance		
1,06,958			1,81,442	..	As per last balance sheet	..	
				..	Add Payments made during the year	4,500	4,500
	<i>Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund Account of Hospitals.</i>				<i>Miscellaneous Advances to the Emp- loyees' of the Corporation. (Festival Advances).</i>		
..	As per last balance sheet	1,600		62,297	As per last balance sheet	78,763	
1,600	Provision made during year	3,64,186		2,21,056	Add payments made during the year	2,40,407	
..	Interest received on	..					
1,600	Investments		3,65,786	2,83,353		3,19,170	
				2,04,590	Less Recoveries made during the year	2,33,053	
				78,763			81,117
	<i>Pension Reserve Fund for the Em- ployees' of the Corporation.</i>				<i>Advance payments on behalf of State Governments.</i>		
6,66,069	As per last balance sheet	12,05,196		2,883	As per last balance sheet	1,134	
5,13,000	Provision made during the year	2,61,700		4,321	Add payments made during the year	3,937	
31,824	Interest received on investments	53,922					
				7,204		3,071	
12,10,893		15,20,818			Less Recoveries made during the year	3,905	
5,697	Less Payments made during the year	20,843		6,070			1,166
12,05,196			14,99,975	1,134	<i>Advances to the Reserve Bank of India for the purchase of Securities.</i>		
	<i>Deposits of Securities e.g., Contrac- tors.</i>						
77,120	As per last balance sheet	1,06,849		50,000	As per last balance sheet	..	
1,23,036	Add Deposits—during the year	1,09,017		45,40,000	Add Payments made during the year	53,70,780	
1,97,156		2, 15,866		45,90,000		53,70,780	



90,307	Less Deposits repaid during year	1,03,931	1,11,835	45,90,000	Less Adjustments made during year	53,70,780	
1,06,849				..			
	<i>Deductions from bills payable to other Parties</i>				<i>Miscellaneous Advances</i>		
3,923	As per last balance sheet	16,585		1,63,620	As per last balance sheet	2,47,620	
2,23,084	Add amount credited during year	2,26,443		1,86,340	Add Payments made during year	1,54,514	
2,29,007		2,43,028		3,49,960		4,02,534	
2,12,422	Less Payments made during year	2,30,232	12,796	1,02,340	Less Receipts during the year	85,895	3,16,639
16,585				2,47,620			
	<i>Unclaimed deposits in the Employees' State Insurance Corporation Provident Fund.</i>				<i>Loans granted to State Governments</i>		
222	As per last balance sheet	329		23,12,426	As per last balance sheet	26,16,546	
107	Add Amount credited during year	4,043		3,04,120	Add Payments made during year	23,59,000	49,75,546
329		4,372		26,16,546			
..	Less Payments made during year	98	4,274				
329							
	<i>Miscellaneous Deposits</i>						
1,896	As per last balance sheet	12,000					
..	Less Deposits repaid during year	..					
10,104	Add Deposits received during year	72,115	84,115				
12,000							
					<i>Remittances—Cash Remittances</i>		
				7,000	As per last balance sheet	4,94,800	
				25,59,51,241	Add Debits adjusted during the year	29,44,68,306	
				25,59,58,436		29,49,63,106	
				25,54,63,636		29,50,09,242	46,136
				4,94,800			

Previous year 1963—64)	Liabilities	Amount	Total	Previous year (1963—64)	Assets	Amount	Total
Rs.		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
					<i>Other Remittances—Exchange Accounts</i>		
					As per last balance sheet . . . . .	..	
				4,28,66,213	Add Debits during the year . . . . .	3,97,95,353	
				4,28,66,213	Less Credits during the year . . . . .	3,97,95,353	
					<i>Investments at Cost</i>		
					(a) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of buildings for the offices of the Corporation.</i>		
				1,18,853	As per last balance sheet . . . . .	1,38,353	
				19,500	Add Investments made during year . . . . .	54,405	
				[ 1,38,353		1,92,758	
				..	Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investment . . . . .	11,950	
							1,80,808
				1,38,353			
					(b) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of equipment in Hospitals and Examination Centres.</i>		
				[ 12,900	As per last balance sheet . . . . .	17,900	
				5,000	Add Investments made during the year . . . . .	5,000	22,900
				[ 17,900			
					(c) <i>Depreciation Reserve Fund of Hospitals.</i>		
				3,000	As per last balance sheet . . . . .	44,500	
				41,500	Add Investments made during year . . . . .	1,28,000	1,72,500
				[ 44,500			

(d) Depreciation Reserve Fund of Staff Cars			
9,000	As per last balance sheet	17,000	
8,000	Add Investments made during year	12,000	29,000
17,000			
(e) Repair and Maintenance Reserve Fund of Buildings for the offices of the Corporation.			
87,402	As per last balance sheet	1,06,402	
19,000	Add Investments made during year	69,975	
		1,76,377	
..	Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments	32,650	1,43,727
1,06,402			
(f) Repairs and Maintenance Reserve Fund of Hospital Building.			
..	As per last balance sheet	..	
..	Add Investment made during the year	1,600	1,600
(g) Permanent (Partial & Total) Disablement Benefit Reserve Fund.			
2,32,74,249	As per last balance sheet	2,52,30,252	
19,56,003	Add Investments made during year	35,48,700	
2,52,30,252		2,87,78,952	
..	Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments	82,206	2,86,96,746
2,52,30,252			
(h) Dependents' Benefit Reserve Fund.			
78,54,193	As per last balance sheet	94,87,496	
16,33,303	Add Investments made during year	17,27,100	
94,87,496		1,12,14,596	

Previous year (1963-64)	Liabilities	Amount	Total	Previous year (1963-64)	Assets	Amount	Total
		Rs.	Rs.			Rs.	Rs.
					<i>Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments</i>	65,895	1,11,48,701
		94,87,496					
		52,69,577			(i) <i>E.S.I.C. Provident Fund.</i>	66,12,427	
		13,80,000			As per last balance sheet	15,23,600	
					Add Investments made during year		
		66,49,577				81,36,027	
		37,150			<i>Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments</i>	1,76,676	79,59,351
		66,12,427					
					(j) <i>Pension Reserve Fund for the Employees' of the Corporation.</i>		
		6,46,093			As per last balance sheet	11,83,804	
		5,37,711			Add Investment made during year	21,000	
		11,83,804					12,04,804
					<i>General Cash Balances.</i>		
		18,07,82,462			Investments as per last balance sheet	17,13,09,740	
		10,91,92,900			Add Investments during the year	13,90,36,080	
		11,86,65,622			<i>Less Realisation on maturity or sale of investments</i>	14,17,23,206	
		17,13,09,740				16,86,22,614	

3,52,145	Cash in hand	3,94,131
<u>1,24,85,291</u>	Cash with bankers	<u>1,74,68,228</u>
1,28,37,436		1,78,62,359
<u>18,41,47,176</u>	TOTAL CASH BALANCE	<u>18,64,84,973</u>

31,86,88,254	36,68,75,932	31,86,88,254	GRAND TOTAL	36,68,75,932
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(Sd.) T. P. KHOSLA,  
Chief Accounts Officer.,  
Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

NEW DELHI;  
Dated the 31st May, 1965.

## True Copy

## Audit Certificate

I have examined the foregoing accounts and the Balance Sheet of the Employees State Insurance Corporation and obtained all the information and explanation that I have required and subject to the observation in the Audit Report, appended. I certify, as a result of my audit, that in my opinion these accounts and the Balance Sheet are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Employees State Insurance Corporation according to the best of my information and explanations given to me and as shown by the books of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation.

NEW DELHI ;

Dated 16th August, 1966.

Sd/- D. D. DHINGRA,

Accountant General Central Revenues.

Attested

K. VEERA RAGHAVAN,  
Section OfficerMinistry of Labour & Employment  
Tele No.

## APPENDIX 'C'

Audit Report on the Accounts of the Employees State Insurance Corporation  
for the year 1964-65

(Consolidated Audit Report on the Accounts of the Employees' State Insurance Corporation, New Delhi for the year 1964-65 received with Accountant General, Central Revenues D.O. letter No. OAI/13-76/AR/65-66/1868 dated 16th August, 1966).

## 1. General

(a) The employees' State Insurance Corporation was set up in October, 1948 under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948. The Act, applies to all factories, other than seasonal factories, employing twenty or more persons and using power. The provisions of the Act can be extended to any other establishment or class of establishment, industrial, commercial, agricultural or otherwise.

(b) A brief analysis of the Income and expenditure of the Corporation for the year 1963-64 and 1964-65 is given below :—

Income	1963-64	1964-65	Expenditure	1963-64	1964-65
(Figures in lakhs of rupees)					
Employer's Special Contributions	811	997	Medical Benefits.		
Employees' Contributions	664	888	(a) Payments to State Governments as Corporations' share of expenses on providing medical treatment etc.	517	697
Interest and Dividends from investments	76	73	(b) Medical treatment and care expenses incurred direct by the Corporation.	31	33
Other Miscellaneous Income	5	3	Cash and other benefits to insured persons and their dependents incurred direct by the Corporation.	537	638
			Administrative expenses		
			(a) Superintendence	75	94
			(b) Field Works	60	74
			(c) Other charges	16	18
			Excess of income over expenditure	320	403
TOTAL	1,456	1,961	TOTAL	1,556	1,961

## 2. Arrears of contributions

(a) The following table shows the position of the arrears of Employers' Special Contributions and Employees' Contributions which were outstanding for recovery upto the end of the year 1964-65 as on 30 June, 1965 :—

Year	Employers' special Contributions	Employees' Contributions
(Figures in lakhs of rupees)		
From appointed day to		
1961 . . . . .	17.99	14.71
1962 . . . . .	6.97	5.61
1963 . . . . .	8.98	6.09
1964 . . . . .	30.87	14.78
From January to March, 1965	30.80	8.93
TOTAL	95.61	50.12

The Corporation has intimated (April, 1966) that the Employers' Special Contributions and Employees' Contributions outstanding for the period ending 31-12-1964 as on 31-12-1965 amounted to Rs. 49.64 lakhs and Rs. 24.39 lakhs respectively and that the position of default for the period from January to March, 1965 was not known to it.

(b) The arrears of the Employers' Special Contributions and Employees' Contributions outstanding at the end of the year 1964-65 included a number of cases which individually owed more than Rs. 50,000. The following table shows the position of certain states as on 31 December, 1965.

Sl. No.	Name of the State	Amount of outstanding Contributions	No. of the cases individually owing more than Rs. 50,000	Earliest period to which the recoveries pertain	Remarks
		Employers' Special Contributions Employees' Contributions (in lakhs) of Rs.)			
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	West Bengal	6.96	..	7	January, 1952
2	Uttar Pradesh	1.75	0.92	3	January, 1960
3	Bihar	0.72	..	1	February, 1952
4	Maharashtra	0.45	0.77	3	1958
	(a) Western Region	+ 1.40	+ 1.56		
	(b) Nagpur Region	0.33 } + 1.11 }	0.45	1	December, 1957

\*The recoveries could not be effected as the Mill was closed from 26-2-1959 and went into liquidation. The recovery proceedings were pursued through the official Liquidator who finally accepted the claim for Rs. 1.22 lakhs in March, 1965 but no payment has so far been received from the Liquidator (September, 1965)

1	2	3	4	5	6
5	Madrzs	°1.32 +1.34	..	2 January, 1952	*The recovery could not be effected as the two factories which are quasi-Government requested the Central Government for grant of exemption from the Employees' State Insurance Act which was refused in April, 1965. The recoveries have not been effected so far (November, 1965).
6	Rajasthan	7.50	..	1 February, 1952	
7	Andhra Pradesh	..	1.67	1 April, 1955.	The recovery is due from the Andhra Pradesh State Electricity Board and the matter is stated to be pending with the High Court of Andhra Pradesh (December, 1965).
8	Madhya Pradesh	2.69	2.35	3 July 1962	
9	Mysore	0.76	..	1 January, 1961	

Legal action is stated to have been taken in most of the cases.

### 3. Accumulation of Surplus Fund.

The Corporation had an accumulated surplus of income over expenditure amounting to Rs. 31.50 crores as on 31 March 1965. The excess of income over expenditure during the three years ending 1964-65 is given below :—

	Rupees in crores
1962-63	2.07
1963-64	3.20
1964-65	4.03

The main reason for the persistent increase in the excess of income over expenditure was the increase in the rate of Employers' Special Contribution which was raised from 14% to 24% on the total wage bill in the implemented areas from 1 April, 1962. This was done as the Corporation anticipated an overall deficit of Rs. 32.43 crores at the end of the Third Five Year Plan on the basis of the Pre-enhanced rate. The surplus due to increase in the rate of contribution was intended to be utilised for undertaking capital projects like construction of hospitals, dispensaries, office buildings and staff quarters etc. As against the surplus of Rs. 31.50 crores, the Corporation sanctioned a total expenditure of Rs. 23.98 crores on capital projects upto 31 March, 1965 which was nearly 76% of the total accumulated surplus. The actual expenditure upto the end of the year 1964-65, however, amounted to Rs. 12.53 crores which is only 39.8% of the total accumulated surplus.

### 4. Incidence of Sickness Benefit. 3

Section 58(2) of the Act provides that where the incidence of sickness benefit payments to insured persons in any State is found to exceed the All India Average, the amount of such excess shall be shared between the Corporation and the State Government in such proportion as may be fixed by agreement between them; provided that the Corporation may in any case waive the recovery of the whole or any part of the share which is to be borne by the State Government.



The following table shows the recoverable share of the different State Governments in respect of the years 1959-60 to 1964-65 out of a total excess of Rs. 146.12 lakhs at the end of the year 1964-65.

Name of the State Government	Amount due for recovery	Earliest year to which the recovery relates
(Figures in lakhs of rupees)		
1. Kerala . . . . .	7.50	1959-60
2. Madras . . . . .	6.92	1959-60
3. Madhya Pradesh . . . . .	0.20	1961-62
4. Andhra Pradesh . . . . .	0.25	1962-63
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>14.87</b>	

It was, however, noticed that no recoveries had been effected from any of the State Governments. On being pointed out by Audit, the Corporation took a decision in November, 1964 to waive, under the proviso to section 58(2) of the Act, the recovery of the whole of the share to be borne by the State Governments in respect of the period upto 31 March, 1968. The decision of the Corporation amounted to suspension of the operation of the Section of the Act till 31 March, 1968 which seems beyond the jurisdiction of the Corporation.

The Corporation stated (November, 1965) "that the provision of Section 58(2) of the Act comes into play only if the 'All India Average' is available. Since no 'All India Average' is known at the moment, no excess is determinable within the meaning of sub-section (2) of Section 58 and therefore, no question of waiver on the part of the Corporation to recover the State Government's share wholly or in part arises. The Corporation has the discretion to waive recovery of the State Government's share of the excess wholly or in part, *vide* proviso to sub-section (2) of Section 58 of the Act and it has exercised its statutory discretion under the Proviso."

The Act does not contain any provision precluding the fixing of an 'All India Average' till such time as the scheme is extended to all the coverable employees. It is not clear why the Corporation should not have made recoveries from the State Governments with reference to an 'All India Average' based on the total number of employees covered at a particular point of time.

#### 5. 'On Account' payments to State Governments Awaiting Adjustment.

(a) The following table shows the 'On Account' payments made upto 31 March, 1965 to State Governments towards Corporation's share of the cost of Medical benefits and the amounts still awaiting adjustment (March, 1966) for want of audit certificates :—

Sl. No.	Name of the State Governments	Total payments made upto 1964-65	Amounts for which adjustments still awaited (March, 1966)	Earliest year to which payments relate.
(Figures in lakhs of rupees)				
1	Andhra Pradesh . . . . .	64.03	44.60	1963-64
2	Assam . . . . .	6.10	6.10	1958-59
3	Bihar . . . . .	58.67	29.15	1963-64
4	Gujarat . . . . .	10.75	7.80	1964-65
5	Kerala . . . . .	25.65	14.75	1964-65
6	Madhya Pradesh . . . . .	96.64	52.22	1963-64
7	Maharashtra . . . . .	247.89	234.70	1964-65
8	Madras . . . . .	42.50	..	..
9	Orissa . . . . .	9.72	9.72	1963-64
10	Punjab . . . . .	37.20	..	..
11	Rajasthan . . . . .	17.69	9.00	1964-65
12	West Bengal . . . . .	195.79	152.00	1964-65
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>812.63</b>	<b>560.24</b>	

(b) The year-wise break up of the amounts awaiting adjustment is as under :—

(Figures in lakhs of rupees)

1958-59 to	
1960-61	1.10
1962-63	1.00
1963-64	73.82
1964-65	484.12
	<hr/> 560.04

Sd/- D.D. DHINGRA,  
Accountant General Central Revenues

#### APPENDIX 'D'

No. Act 1.9-1/65

### EMPLOYEES' STATE INSURANCE CORPORATION

(Department of Social Security)

*Financial Review of the working of the employees' State Insurance Corporation for the year 1964-65*

I. *Income*.—The total revenue income of the Corporation during the year amounted to Rs. 19,60,97,730 made up of:—

	Rs.
(a) Employers' Spl. Contribution	9,96,74,412
(b) Employees' Contribution	8,87,93,177
(c) Interest from investment	72,95,756
(d) Miscellaneous items	3,34,385
<b>TOTAL</b>	<hr/> 19,60,97,730

II. *Expenditure*.—The main items of expenditure of the Corporation consisted of:—

Rs.

(a) Expenses on medical care including payments to state Governments as the Corporation's share thereof ( <i>viz.</i> , Rs. 6,96,84,320)	7,31,72,682
(b) <i>Cash benefits &amp; other payments to insured persons &amp; their dependants:</i>	
	Rs.
(i) Sickness Benefit	4,30,83,641
Extended Sickness Benefit	33,28,102
Maternity Benefit	24,24,141
Disablement Benefit (including capitalised value in respect of Permanent Disablement Benefits)	1,24,67,779
Capitalised value in respect of payments payable to Dependants of insured persons	22,77,000
	<hr/> 6,35,80,663
(ii) Other Benefits	2,40,248
(c) Administration expenses including contributions to ESI Provident Fund	1,87,63,568
<b>TOTAL</b>	<hr/> 15,57,57,161

III. Besides the income and expenditure account as stated above, there are certain items of INCOME and EXPENDITURE which are OUTSTANDING on 31st March, 1965 and are relevant for purposes of a Financial Review.

(A) *Outstanding Income as on 31st March, 1965.*

The (estimated) outstanding income of the Corporation consists of (i) contributions due as on 31st March, 1965 from covered employers and (ii) amount due from Delhi Administration towards

the recovery of Administration's share of cost of medical care provided to the insured persons and their families, namely:—

	Rs.
(a) Employers' Special Contribution . . . . .	95,61,252
(b) Employees' Contribution . . . . .	50,11,991
(c) Recovery from Delhi Administration . . . . .	10,36,476
<b>TOTAL OUTSTANDING INCOME . . . . .</b>	<b>1,56,09,719</b>

These have not been received so far. The Corporation, however, is taking all possible steps to collect these outstanding dues.

(B) *Outstanding Liabilities as on 31st March, 1965.*

(1) *Medical Benefits*

(a) The amount of Rs. 6,95,84,320 paid during the year under review to the State Governments towards the Corporation's share of expenditure on medical benefit expenses consisted of Rs. 5,94,01,929 pertaining to the year 1964-65 and Rs. 1,02,82,391 relating to the period prior to 31st March, 1964. The total amount of outstanding liability as on 31st March, 1965 is as per details given below:—

	Rs.
(i) Outstanding liability as on 31st March, 1964, brought forward from last year's financial review . . . . .	77,17,154
Add: Subsequent demand made by State Governments . . . . .	61,86,270
<b>TOTAL Outstanding liability as on 31st March, 1964 . . . . .</b>	<b>1,39,03,424</b>
(ii) Deduct: Amount paid during 1964-65 in respect of outstanding claims as on 31st March, 1964 . . . . .	1,02,82,391
(iii) Estimated amount of outstanding liabilities as on 31st March, 1965 in respect of medical benefits prior to 31st March, 1964 i.e. [item No. (i)—(ii)] . . . . .	36,21,033
(iv) Add: Estimated outstanding liability in respect of medical benefit during the year 1964-65 . . . . .	1,00,66,579
(v) <b>TOTAL outstanding liability estimated in respect of medical benefits as on 31st March, 1965 i.e., [item No. (iii)+(iv)] . . . . .</b>	<b>1,36,87,612</b>

(b) This outstanding amount would be cleared as and when finally audited accounts of the State Government are received. Towards this end necessary reminders are being issued periodically to the State Governments.

(2) *Payments due to State Governments in respect of B.I. Courts and the Legal charges outstanding in respect of cases conducted on behalf of the Corporation.*

(a) *Payments due to State Governments as on 31st March, 1965 in respect of E.I. Courts:—*

	Rs.
(i) Upto 31st March, 1964 . . . . .	1,04,300
(ii) For the year 1964-65 . . . . .	55,500
<b>TOTAL . . . . .</b>	<b>1,59,800</b>

(b) *Amount of Legal charges outstanding as on 31st March, 1965 in respect of cases conducted on behalf of the Corporation:—*

	Rs.
(i) Upto 31st March, 1965 . . . . .	6,945
(ii) For the year 1964-65 . . . . .	30,794
<b>TOTAL . . . . .</b>	<b>37,739</b>
<b>TOTAL (Estimated): About . . . . .</b>	<b>1,98,000</b>

(3) *The amount due to Insured Persons towards sickness etc. claims received late in the year 1964-65.*

The amount of outstanding liabilities in respect of this item as on 31st March, 1965 is estimated at about Rs. 22 lakhs being, in effect, equal to the cost of about 15 days' benefit claim.

(4) *Outstanding salaries, allowances etc.*

The outstanding liability relating to salary and allowances of the staff of the Corporation and also other contingent expenditure including contributions to Provident Fund etc. which has accrued for the month of March, 1965, but paid or payable subsequently is estimated at about Rs. 16 lakhs.

V. R. NATESAN,  
Actuary

[No. F. 4/3/66-H.I.]

*New Delhi, the 23rd February 1967*

**S.O. 738.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that A Tellary and Sons was situated in Bhadohi area which was a sparse area (that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the district of Banaras in the State of Uttar Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of its location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factory was granted exemption from the payment of the employer's special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour and Employment No. S.O. 2665 dated the 2nd November, 1961;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Bhadohi area in the district of Banaras in the State of Uttar Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification namely:—

In the said notification, in Schedule VI, under the heading "Allahabad Division" in the entries against Serial No. 4, the entries "Bhadohi" and "A Tellary and Sons" in columns 4 and 5 respectively shall be omitted.

[No. F. 6/62/66/HI.]

**S.O. 739.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that Hydro Electric Sub-Division was situated in Bhadohi area which was a sparse area (that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the District of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of its location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factory was granted exemption from the payment of employer's special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the late Ministry of Labour and Employment No. 6(101)/63.HI dated the 9th September, 1963;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Bhadohi area in the district of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification Sl. No. 3 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. F. 6/62/66-HI.]

**S.O. 740.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that (i) Bareilly Bone Mills and (ii) General Fibre Dealers Ltd., were situated in Bhadohi area which was a sparse area (that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the district of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of their location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factories were granted exemption from the payment of employer's special contribution

under section 73F of the Employees State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Social Security No. S.O. 951 dated the 19th March, 1965;

And, where the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Bhadohi area in the district of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification Sl. No. 18 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. F. 6/62/66-HL.]

**S.O. 741.**—Whereas the Central Government was satisfied that the Kailash Carpet Co., was situated in Bhadohi area which was a sparse area (that is, an area whose insurable population was less than 500) in the district of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh;

And, whereas by virtue of its location in a sparse area, the aforesaid factory was granted exemption from the payment of the employer's special contribution under section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948) until enforcement of the provisions of Chapter V of the Act in that area by the Central Government in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Social Security No. 6(55)/64HI dated the 2nd September, 1964;

And, whereas the Central Government is satisfied that the insurable population of the Bhadohi area in the district of Varanasi in the State of Uttar Pradesh has now exceeded 500, and it is no longer a sparse area;

Now therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 73F of the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (34 of 1948), the Central Government hereby makes the following further amendment in the said notification namely:—

In the Schedule to the said notification, Sl. No. 2 and the entries relating thereto shall be omitted.

[No. F. 6/62/66-HI.]

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

**S.O. 742.**—Whereas it appears to the Central Government that the employer and the majority of the employees in relation to the establishment known as Messrs. Morarji Dorman Smith Limited, 21-22, Prabha Devi Industrial Estate, Cadell Road, Bombay have agreed that the provisions of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), should be made applicable to the said establishment;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (4) of section 1 of the said Act, the Central Government hereby applies the provisions of the said Act to the said establishment.

This notification shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day July 1966.

[No. 8(31)/66-PF. I.]

**S.O. 743.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 5D of the Employees' Provident Funds Act, 1952 (19 of 1952), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, Employment and Rehabilitation (Department of Labour and Employment) No. S.O. 2357, dated the 28th July, 1966, the Central Government hereby appoints Shri M. L. Ray as the Central Provident Fund Commissioner with effect from the 3rd February, 1967.

[No. 15(1)/67-PF. I.]

DALJIT SINGH, Under Secy.

**(Department of Labour and Employment)***New Delhi, the 25th February 1967*

**S.O. 744/PWA/Sec. 7(2)(e)/67.**—In pursuance of clause (e) of sub-section (2) of section 7, read with section 24 of the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 (4 of 1936), the Central Government hereby authorises deductions to be made from the wages of railway employees for the provision of boarding and messing facilities at concessional rates at the hostels maintained by the railways in different linguistic centres for the children of railway employees. The Central Government further imposes the following conditions under section 11 of the said Act, namely:—

- (i) that no deduction shall be made from the wages of an employee unless he has communicated his acceptance in writing to the deduction, such acceptance being given once generally and not necessarily on each occasion a deduction is made;
- (ii) that deductions will be made in accordance with the rates prescribed in the scheme issued by the Railway Board *vide* their letter No. E (W)53ED1-3/Pt.-A, dated the 19th August 1958 and as amended from time to time;
- (iii) that the basic amenities and facilities provided in the hostels will continue to be provided by the Railways; and
- (iv) that the maximum limits of total deduction as provided under sub-section (3) of section 7 of the Act shall not be exceeded.

[No. 643/13/66-Fac.I.]

VIDYA PRAKASH, Dy. Secy.

**(Department of Labour and Employment)***New Delhi, the 25th February 1967*

**S.O. 745.**—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of Section 14, sub-section (1) of Section 15, Section 16, 17 and 18 of the Personal Injuries (Compensation Insurance) Act, 1963 (37 of 1963), the Central Government hereby authorise the Labour Inspectors and Wage Inspectors also in the State of Haryana, to exercise the powers under Sections 14 and 15 of the said Act, within their respective jurisdiction.

[No. 3/40/66-Spl.-Fac. II.]

N. N. CHATTERJEE, Jt. Secy.

**(Department of Labour and Employment)***New Delhi, the 25th February 1967*

**S.O. 746.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the following award of the Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Calcutta, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of Messrs West Bengal Coal Company, Limited, Post Office Dishergarh, Burdwan and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 23rd February, 1967.

CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 2, CALCUTTA

REFERENCE NO. 32 OF 1966

**PARTIES:**

Employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. West Bengal Coal Co. Ltd.,

AND

Their workmen.

**PRESENT:**

Shri S. K. Sen, Presiding Officer.

**APPEARANCES:**

On behalf of Employers—Shri U. Paul, Labour Relations Officer

On behalf of Workmen—

State: West Bengal.

Industry: Coal Mines.

### AWARD

By Order No. 6/56/65-LR.II, dated 14th May 1965, the Central Government referred for adjudication an industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. West Bengal Coal Co. Ltd., P.O. Dishergharh, Burdwan, and their workmen in relation to the subject matter mentioned in the following schedule:

"Whether dismissal of Sri Barhan Rabidas, C.C.M. Mazdur of Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery by the management was justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?"

2. Barhan Rabidas a Coal Cutting Mazdoor was employed at Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery. According to the management he was caught during the 3rd shift of 27th November 1964 while stealing about 25 ft. of telephone cable. A charge-sheet was served on him, and the reply of the workman being considered unsatisfactory an enquiry was held, and on the basis of the report of the Enquiring Officer and with the approval of the Chief Mining Engineer, the manager dismissed him with effect from 17th December 1964. Attempts at settlement by the Conciliation Officer failed and so the matter was referred to the tribunal.

3. According to the written statement of the union, the enquiry was not held properly and proper scope for cross examination of management's witnesses and of producing witness in defence was not given.

4. The parties have however settled the dispute out of court and on the date fixed for hearing, 20th February 1967 they filed a joint petition of compromise, by the terms of which the management agrees to make an ex-gratia payment of Rs. 495.04 in full and final settlement of the workman's claims against the management, and the workman concerned and the union agree to accept the ex-gratia payment in full settlement of their claims and give up their claim for reinstatement. The payment is to be made within 15 days from the date on which the memorandum of settlement is filed before the tribunal. The terms must be regarded as satisfactory so far as the workman is concerned, for the management is making substantial ex-gratia payment even though according to them the workman was caught red-handed when stealing telephone cable. Accordingly, the compromise is accepted. An award is made in terms of compromise, the petition of compromise being part of the Award.

Parties will bear their own costs.

Dated, the 20th February, 1967.

(Sd.) S. K. SEN,  
Presiding Officer.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT  
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 2, CALCUTTA.

REFERENCE No. 32 OF 1966.

BETWEEN:

Employers in relation to Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. Bengal Coal Co., Ltd.

AND

Their workmen.

*Joint Petition of the Parties*

The parties aforesaid most respectfully beg to submit as under:—

1. The issue referred to this Hon'ble Tribunal for adjudication reads as follows:—

### SCHEDULE

"Whether dismissal of Sri Barhan Rabidas, C.C.M. Mazdoor of Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery by the Management was justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?"

2. This Hon'ble Tribunal has called upon the parties to submit their written statements on 30th November, 1966.

3. Both parties to this Reference, however, have reached an amicable settlement by mutual negotiations on the following terms:—

- (a) The management shall make to Shri Barhan Rabidas, the workman herein concerned, an *ex-gratia* payment of Rs. 495.04 (Rupees four hundred ninety-five and four paise only) in full and final settlement of all his claims against the management.
- (b) The workman concerned and the Union on his behalf have agreed to accept the aforesaid *ex-gratia* payment in full and final settlement of all the claims of the workman against the management. The said payment shall be made within 15 days from the date on which this memorandum of settlement shall be filed before this Hon'ble Tribunal.
- (c) The workman or his Union acting on his behalf has no other claim against the management arising out of the present reference.

4. It is, therefore, most respectfully prayed that this Hon'ble Tribunal may be graciously pleased to give its award in the aforesaid terms thereof.

And for this, the parties shall, as in duty bound, every pray.

(Sd.) MADHU BANERJI,

20-2-1967.

General Secretary,

West Bengal Khan Mazdoor Sangh

For the Workmen,

20-2-1967.

For The Employers

Bengal Coal Co., Ltd.,

by their Attorney.

(Sd.) Illegible.

[No. 6/56/65-LRII.]

**S.O. 747.**—In pursuance of section 17 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby publishes the follows award of the Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Calcutta, in the industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of Messrs Bengal Coal Company Limited, (Post Office Dishergarh, Burdwan) and their workmen which was received by the Central Government on the 23rd February, 1967.

#### CENTRAL GOVERNMENT INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 2, CALCUTTA.

REFERENCE No. 38 OF 1966

#### PARTIES:

Employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. Bengal Coal Co., Ltd.,

AND

Their workmen.

#### PRESENT:

Shri S. K. Sen,—Presiding Officer.

#### APPEARANCES:

On behalf of Employers—Shri U. Paul, Labour Relations Officer.

On behalf of Workmen ....

STATE: West Bengal.

INDUSTRY: Coal Mines.

#### AWARD

By Order No. 6/81/65-LT. II dated 19th June, 1965, the Central Government referred for adjudication an industrial dispute between the employers in relation to the Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. Bengal Coal Co., Ltd., P.O. Dishergarh, Burdwan, and their workmen in respect of the subject matter mentioned in the following schedule:

- (i) Whether the stoppage of work with effect from 21st December, 1964 of Shri Golak Nath Banerjee (Store Keeper of Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery) was justified?



(ii) If not, to what relief is the Workman entitled?

2. Shri Golak Nath Banerjee was a Store-keeper employed at Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery. He went home on 4 days' leave from 13th October, 1964, to 17th October, 1964. On 17th October, 1964, he made an application for extension of leave due to family trouble. The extension of leave however was not granted and the manager asked him to rejoin his duty immediately. Golak Nath Banerjee however did not join but sent a further application on 6th November, 1964, for extension of leave by 3 weeks more. This application for extension of leave was also rejected. According to the case of the workman as set out in the written statement filed by the union, the workman made a further application for extension of leave by 3 weeks from 27th November, 1964, and on the expiry of that period he went to join his duties on 21st December, 1964, but he was not allowed to resume his duty, and he was after sometime served with chargesheets and was ultimately deprived of his permanent post. According to the case of the management as contained in the written statement filed by the management, the workman after going home on leave for 4 days from 13th October 1964 to 17th October 1964 did not resume his duties but went on applying for further leave and such extensions were not granted, and the workman was served with 3 chargesheets, one dated 2nd November 1964, one dated 2nd January 1965 and one dated 5th February, 1965 to show cause why action should not be taken against him for remaining absent without permission after the expiry of the leave. The management denied that Golak Nath Banerjee had reported for duty on 21st December, 1964, and that he was not allowed to rejoin. An enquiry was held on 31st March 1965 on the basis of the last chargesheet dated 5th February 1965, and on the basis of the report of the Enquiring Officer, instead of dismissing Golak Nath Banerjee outright for his misconduct in long unauthorised absence without permission, the management informed him by a letter dated 30th April 1965 that his lien on the permanent post was cancelled and his name was transferred to a badli list so that he would be given employment as and when work was available in his category.

3. Golak Nath Banerjee moved his union and the Union, West Bengal Khan Mazdoor Sangh, complained to the Conciliation Officer (Central), Asansol who attempted conciliation but the attempt failed and so the matter has been referred to the tribunal.

4. Both parties filed their written statements and the case was fixed for hearing on 20th February, 1967. On that day the parties filed a joint petition of compromise. By the petition of compromise, the management has agreed to pay retrenchment compensation in full and final settlement of the claim of Golak Nath Banerjee against the management, and Golak Nath Banerjee and the union on his behalf have agreed to accept that payment and have given up the claim for reinstatement in the permanent post.

5. In his written statement, Golak Nath Banerjee explained that it was not possible for him to resume his duty after he had gone home on leave because his wife was seriously ill and he had been advised by doctor to keep her under observation. But when he was informed that his application for extension of leave had been rejected he should have made some other arrangement for looking after his wife and rejoined his post unless he wanted to lose his permanent job. In the circumstances, it cannot be said that the management was not justified in drawing up proceedings against him and terminating his lien on the permanent post. In the above circumstances, the agreement by the management to pay full retrenchment compensation under the provisions of Section 26F of the Industrial Disputes Act must be considered satisfactory and the compromise must therefore be accepted. This case is, therefore, disposed of by an award in terms of the petition of compromise, a copy of which shall form part of the award.

Parties will bear their own costs.

Dated, 20th February, 1967.

Sd./- S. K. SEN,  
Presiding Officer.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE PRESIDING OFFICER, CENTRAL GOVERNMENT  
INDUSTRIAL TRIBUNAL NO. 2, CALCUTTA.

REFERENCE No. 38 OF 1966.

BETWEEN

Employers in relation to Chinakuri 3 Pit Colliery of M/s. Bengal Coal Co.,  
Ltd.

AND

Their workmen represented by West Bengal Khan Mazdoor Sangh,

*Joint Petition of the Parties*

The parties aforesaid most respectfully beg to submit as under:—

1. The issue referred to this Hon'ble Tribunal for adjudication reads as follows:—

## SCHEDULE

"(i) Whether the stoppage of work with effect from 21st December, 1964 of Shri Golok Nath Banerjee (Store Keeper of Chinakuri No. 3 Pit Colliery) was justified?

(ii) If not, to what relief the workman entitled?"

2. This Hon'ble Tribunal has called upon the parties to submit their written statements which they have done.

3. Both the parties to this reference, however, have reached an amicable settlement by mutual negotiations on the following terms:—

(a) The management shall make to Sri Golok Nath Banerjee, the workman herein concerned, an *ex gratia* payment equivalent to retrenchment compensation in full and final settlement of all his claims against the management.

(b) The workman concerned and the Union on his behalf have agreed to accept the aforesaid *ex gratia* payment in full and final settlement of all the claims of the workman against the management. The said payment shall be made within 15 days from the date on which this memorandum of Settlement shall be filed before this Hon'ble Tribunal.

(c) The workman or his Union acting on his behalf has no other claim against the management arising out of the present reference.

4. It is, therefore, most respectfully prayed that this Hon'ble Tribunal may be graciously pleased to give its award in the aforesaid terms thereof.

And for this, the parties shall, as in duty bound, ever pray.

Sd./- MADHU BANERJI,

20-2-1967.

General Secretary,

West Bengal Khan Mazdoor Sangh,

For the Workmen.

Dated, 20-2-1967.

For the Employers.

Bengal Coal Co., Ltd.,

By their Attorney.

Sd./- GAUR CHARAN BOSH,

[No. 6/81/65-LR.II.]

## ORDERS

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

S.O. 748.—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Jote Dhemu Colliery, Post Office Ukhra, District Burdwan and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Calcutta, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

## SCHEDULE

Whether the refusal of the Management of Jote Dhemu Colliery to employ Shri Nemai Mochi as Fitter Helper from the 7th December, 1966 was justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. 6/16/67-LR.II.]

**S.O. 749.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Selected Kajora Jambad Colliery, Post Office Ukhra District Burdwan and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Calcutta, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### SCHEDULE

Whether the non-employment of Shri Badri Prasad, Peon in the Selected Kajora Jambad Colliery, Post Office Ukhra, Burdwan, with effect from the 9th November, 1966 and his intended transfer thereafter to a sister concern was justified? If not, to what relief is he entitled?

[No. 6/120/66-LRII.]

**S.O. 750.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Kajora & West Kajora Colliery, Post Office Kajoram, District Burdwan, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, No. 2 Calcutta, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### SCHEDULE

Whether the stoppage from work of Dr. S. N. Dey Choudhury, Medical Officer with effect from the 1st December, 1966 and that of Shri Gurupada Choudhury employee from the 23rd November, 1966 by the management of Kajora and West Kajora Colliery, Post Office Kajoram, District Burdwan was justified? If not, to what relief are the employees entitled?

[No. 6/14/67-LRII.]

**S.O. 751.**—Whereas the Central Government is of the opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Bhowrah Colliery, Post Office Bhowra, District Dhanbad, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### SCHEDULE

Whether the suspension of Sarvashri Motichand Kurmi and Ram Daresk Kori, Pick Miners from the 20th January, 1966 to the 26th January, 1966, by the management of Bhowrah Colliery was justified? If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled?

[No. 2(76)/66-LRII.]

**S.O. 752.**—Whereas the Central Government is of opinion that an industrial dispute exists between the employers in relation to the Pootkee Colliery of Bhowra, Kankane Collieries Limited, Post Office Kusunda, District Dhanbad, and their workmen in respect of the matters specified in the Schedule hereto annexed;

And, whereas the Central Government considers it desirable to refer the said dispute for adjudication;

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 10 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), the Central Government hereby refers the said dispute for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal, Dhanbad, constituted under section 7A of the said Act.

#### SCHEDULE

Whether the action of the management of the Pootkee Colliery, in refusing employment to the workmen named below, with effect from the dates shown against their names, was justified?

Sl. No.	Name of the workman	Designation	Date from which refused employment
1.	Sri Kesho . . . . .	Stowing Mazdoor	5-12-1966
2.	Sri Swaminath . . . . .	Do.	Do.
3.	Sri Shyamlal . . . . .	Do.	Do.
4.	Sri Ismail . . . . .	Do.	Do.
5.	Sri Sabir . . . . .	Do.	Do.
6.	Sri Tahir . . . . .	Do.	26-10-66
7.	Sri Israil . . . . .	Do.	26-10-66
8.	Sri Abdul Zail . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
9.	Sri Isaque . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
10.	Sri Aziz Khan . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
11.	Sri Allauddin . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
12.	Sri Hanif . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
13.	Sri Ramjan . . . . .	Do.	27-10-66
14.	Md. Tazuddin . . . . .	Do.	7-II-66
15.	Sri Amin Mjan . . . . .	Do.	7-II-66
16.	Sri Nunulaj . . . . .	Do.	Do.
17.	Sri Chhabiraj . . . . .	Do.	Do.
18.	Sri Gulam Haider . . . . .	Do.	Do.
19.	Sri Haripado . . . . .	Do.	Do.
20.	Md. Mazid . . . . .	Do.	Do.

If not, to what relief are the workmen entitled?

[No. 2/20/67-LRIL.]

BALWANT SINGH, Under Secy.

#### (Department of Labour and Employment)

*New Delhi, the 27th February 1967*

**S.O. 753.**—In pursuance of section 7 of the Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Cess Act, 1961 (58 of 1961), the Central Government hereby publishes the following report of its activities financed under the said Act, during the year ending on the 31st March, 1966, together with a statement of accounts for that year.

#### PART I

**General.**—The Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Fund has been constituted under the Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Cess Act, 1961 (58 of 1961) which provides for the levy and collection of a cess on the production of Iron Ore for the financing of activities to promote the welfare of labour employed in the iron ore mining industry. The Act provides for the levy of a cess at a rate not exceeding 50 paise per metric tonne of iron ore produced. The present rate of levy is only 25 paise per metric tonne. The Act is applicable to the whole of India except the State of Jammu and Kashmir. It was enforced with effect from the 1st October 1963 except the territory of Goa, Daman and Diu where it came into effect from the 1st October 1964.

2. The Iron Ore Mines Labour Welfare Cess Rules, 1963, have been framed to carry into effect the purposes of the Act. Five Advisory Committees—one each for Andhra Pradesh and Mysore; Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra; Bihar; Orissa; and Goa, Diu and Daman, have been constituted to advise the Central Government in

administering the Fund. The welfare activities for which the proceeds of cess are to be utilised under the Act relate to improvement of public health and sanitation, the prevention of disease and the provision and improvement of medical facilities, water supply and facilities for washing, the provision and improvement of educational facilities, the improvement of standards of living including housing and nutrition, the amelioration of social conditions, provision of recreational facilities and the provision of transport to and from work.

3. The following welfare measures have so far been undertaken in Mysore, Andhra Pradesh, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Bihar:—

(i) *Medical facilities*

(a) *Hospitals*.—A 10 bedded Emergency Hospital was set up at Barajamda in Bihar during the year at a cost of Rs. 14,160.00.

(b) *Assistance to T.B. patients*.—10 beds were reserved with effect from 16th October, 1965 in the Mahadevi Birla T.B. Sanatorium, Nankum, Bihar, for the treatment of iron ore miners suffering from T.B. and an expenditure of Rs. 11,800 was incurred for the purpose. Steps were also taken to provide medical facilities to the iron ore miners suffering from T.B., in other Regions. Subsistence allowance at a rate not exceeding Rs. 50/- per month is also given to the dependents of miners undergoing treatment for T.B. in a sanatorium in cases where the miner is the only earning member of the family.

(c) *Other Medical Facilities*.—An amount of Rs. 5,000/- was paid as subsidy for augmentation of medical aid for Redi group of mines in Maharashtra. Grants-in-aid to the extent of Rs. 50,700/- were also given to iron ore mine owners for maintenance of dispensary-cum-maternity centres/welfare centres in Orissa.

(ii) *Education Facilities*

(a) *Scholarships*.—Scholarships are granted to the children of iron ore miners studying in schools, colleges and technical institutions. The following expenditure was incurred under the Scheme in different Regions:—

Mysore and Andhra Pradesh	..	Rs. 16,780
Orissa	...	Rs. 7,330
Bihar	...	Rs. 23,230

(b) Uniforms to the primary school-going children of iron ore mine workers were also given free in Mysore and Andhra Pradesh at a cost of Rs. 2,940.

(iii) *Recreational facilities*

(a) Grants-in-aid to the extent of Rs. 30,000 were given for providing recreational facilities for miners in Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra. An amount of Rs. 20,000 was also spent on the development of an open air theatre in Madhya Pradesh. A subsidy of Rs. 15,000 was given for organising sports, tournaments and other recreational and cultural activities for Iron Ore miners in Madhya Pradesh and Maharashtra.

(b) Multi-purpose Institutes have been set up in Bihar and Orissa and the following expenditure was incurred on them:—

Bihar	...	Rs. 1,600.00
Orissa	...	Rs. 9,300.00

(c) A Holiday Home has been established at Bhubaneshwar in Orissa at a cost of Rs. 11,200 for the Iron Ore miners.

(d) Bharat Darshan tour and excursion-cum-study trips were organised for the iron ore miners in Madhya Pradesh and Bihar respectively.

*Drinking Water Facilities*

Two wells were sanctioned on subsidized basis in Bihar to provide drinking water facilities to the iron ore miners. Under the Scheme, 50% cost of sinking a well is borne by the mine owners and 50% is paid by the Fund.

*Housing Facilities*

Various housing schemes, already in existence under the Coal/Mica Mines Labour Welfare Fund Organisation, are being adopted for the iron ore miners and it is hoped to construct houses under these schemes during the coming year.

## PART II

*Statement of Accounts for the year 1965-66*

	Receipts		Expenditure	
	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Opening balance on 1-4-65 . . . . .	32,55,052	00	..	..
Receipts during the year . . . . .	69,07,044	11*	..	..
Expenditure during the year . . . . .	..	..	6,52,583	00
Closing balance on 31-3-65 . . . . .	..	..	95,09,513	11
	<hr/> 1,01,62,096		<hr/> 1,01,62,096	
	11		11	

\*Figures intimated by various Accountant Generals concerned.

## PART III

*Estimates of Receipts and Expenditure for the year 1966-67*

Receipts . . . . .	65,00,000
Expenditure as per Revised estimates . . . . .	18,12,000

[No. 9(6)/66-MIII.]

K. D. HAJELA, Under Secy.

**(Department of Rehabilitation)****(Office of the Chief Settlement Commissioner)**

*New Delhi, the 21st February 1967*

**S.O. 754.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (I) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints the Sub-Divisional Officer (Civil) Una and Sub-Divisional Officer (Civil) Nurpur, Himachal Pradesh as Settlement Officers in their respective jurisdiction for the purpose of performing in addition to their duties as Sub-Divisional Officer (Civil) the functions assigned to Settlement Officer by or under the said Act in respect of (i) agricultural lands and shops in any rural area including houses, cattlesheds and vacant sites forming part of the compensation pool; and (ii) the properties referred to in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Rehabilitation (Department of Rehabilitation), No. 3(37)/L&R-63-A, dated the 5th March, 1964.

[No. 3(2)/L&R-67.]

**S.O. 755.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (I) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints the Under Secretary in the Relief and Rehabilitation Department, Himachal Pradesh as Settlement Commissioner in the state of Himachal Pradesh for the purpose of performing, in addition to his own duties as Under Secretary (Relief and rehabilitation) functions assigned to Settlement Commissioner by under the said Act in respect of (i) agricultural lands and shops in any rural area including houses, cattlesheds and vacant sites forming part of the compensation pool; and (ii) the properties referred to in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Rehabilitation (Department of Rehabilitation) No. 3 (37)/L&R-63A dated the 5th March, 1964.

[No. 3(2)/L&R-67.]

**S.O. 756.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of Section 3 of the Displaced Persons (Compensation and Rehabilitation) Act, 1954 (44 of 1954), the Central Government hereby appoints the Secretary, Relief and Rehabilitation Department, Himachal Pradesh as Settlement Commissioner in the state of Himachal Pradesh for the purpose of performing, in addition to his own

duties as Secretary (Relief and Rehabilitation) the functions assigned to Settlement Commissioner by under the said Act in respect of (i) agricultural lands and shops in any rural area including houses, cattlesheds and vacant sites forming part of the compensation pool and (ii) the properties referred to in the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Works, Housing and Rehabilitation (Department, of Rehabilitation) No. 3(37)/L&R-63A dated the 5th March, 1964.

[No. 3(2)/L&R-67.]

A. G. VASWANI, Settlement Commissioner  
(A) & *Ex-Officio* Under Secy.

## MINISTRY OF WORKS, HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

*New Delhi, the 18th February 1967*

**S.O. 757.**—Whereas the Central Government has proposed to make modifications in the Master Plan for Delhi as regards the following areas:—

- (1) New Multan Nagar Colony (Rohtak Road);
- (2) Premises No. 2, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi.
- (3) G. T. Road, Shahdara;
- (4) Uttam Nagar Colony (Najafgarh);
- (5) Hari Nagar Ashram (Mathura Road);
- (6) Lodi Road (Shahdara); and
- (7) Ashok Road, New Delhi;

the proposed modifications having been published as notice [No. S.O. 2613, dated the 25th August, 1966, at pages 2521—2522 of the Gazette of India, Part II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii), dated the 3rd September, 1966] as required by sub-section (3) of section 11A of the Delhi Development Act, 1957 (61 of 1957) inviting objections and suggestions;

And whereas the Central Government has considered the objections and suggestions only in regard to areas mentioned in items (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7), that is, New Multan Nagar Colony (Rohtak Road), Premises No. 2, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi, Hari Nagar Ashram (Mathura Road), Loni Road (Shahdara) and Ashok Road, New Delhi;

And whereas the Central Government has not considered the objections and suggestions in regard to areas mentioned in items (3) and (4), that is, G. T. Road, Shahdara and Uttam Nagar Colony (Najafgarh) and has, until such consideration, deferred its decision with respect to those areas;

Now, therefore, the Central Government, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 11A of the said Act hereby makes the following modifications in the said Master Plan for Delhi in the areas mentioned in items (1), (2), (5), (6) and (7), that is, New Multan Nagar Colony (Rohtak Road), Premises No. 2, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi, Hari Nagar Ashram (Mathura Road), Loni Road (Shahdara) and Ashok Road, New Delhi, namely:—

### (1) *New Multan Nagar Colony (Rohtak Road)*

Land use of so many plots of the layout plan of the New Multan Nagar Colony, approved by the erstwhile Delhi Development (Provisional) Authority, designated as "recreational" in the Master Plan, to be changed into "residential".

### (2) *Premises No. 2, Maulana Azad Road, New Delhi.*

Land use about 3 acres of land forming part of the area of the plot at 2, Maulana Azad Road, to be changed from "social and cultural" to "offices".

### (3) *Hari Nagar Ashram (Mathura Road)*

Land use of the triangular area bounded by Mathura Road, Ring Road and the railway line to Mathura, popularly described as "Hari Nagar Ashram" to be changed from "flatted factories" to "residential".

(4) *Loni Road (Shahdara)*

- (a) Land use of Jyoti Nagar Colony on Loni Road, the layout plan of which has been approved by the Municipal Corporation of Delhi, to be changed from "hospitals and Government offices" to "residential".
- (b) The land use of the area near the Shahdara Saharanpur Light Railway Line to be changed from "residential" to "Government offices" and the land use of the land lying to the west of the green belt and surrounded on the west, south and east by green belt from "residential" to "hospitals".

(5) *Ashok Road, New Delhi.*

- (a) Land use of the plot at 20, Ashok Road to be changed from "residential" to "Government offices".
- (b) Land use of the plot adjacent to 20, Ashok Road (9 Rafi Marg) to be changed from "residential" to "parking".

[Case No. 21017(37)/66-UD.]

*New Delhi, the 24th February 1967*

**S.O. 758.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 12 of the Delhi Development Act, 1957 (61 of 1967) and in continuation of the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Health No. 8-14/61-LSG dated the 29th April, 1963 the Central Government hereby declares the areas described in the Schedule below to be development areas for the purposes of the said Act:

## SCHEDULE IX

Serial Number	Development Area-Number	Description of the Development Area	Area in acres
1	2	3	4
1	21	Towards the west of Grand Trunk Road and East of Railway Line to Ambala North East :—Grand Trunk Road South West :—Railway line to Ambala North West :—Proposed outer Ring Road South East :—Boundary of Development Area No. 15.	320
2	22A	Wazirpur Industrial Area North East :—Railway line to Ambala. South West :—Western Yamuna Canal. North West :—Ring Road. South East :—Ring Railway line.	184
3	22	North & East of Wazirpur and South of Railway line North East :—Railway line to Ambala. South West :—Western Yamuna Canal. North West :—Ring Railway line. South East :—100 feet Master Plan Road and Boundary of Development Area No. 3.	300
4	23	Area West of Yamuna Canal and Wazirpur Area North East :—Western Yamuna Canal. Other sides :—Boundary of Master Plan green falling in the Industrial tenements scheme towards East of Lawrance Road.	144
5	24	Industrial Area Anand Parbat North East :—New Rohtak Road. South West :—Master Plan green. North West :—Railway line to Rewari. South East :—100 feet wide Master Plan Road.	60



1	2	3	4
6	25	North East of Ring Road and North West of Railway line to Rewari North East:—Industrial Area Kirti Nagar. South West:—Ring Road. North West:—100 feet wide Road. South East:—Railway line to Rewari.	318
7	26	Najafgarh Road Residential including Tatarpur village. North East:—100 feet wide road. South West:—Master Plan green. North West:—Jhuggis and Jhopris Removal Scheme of Municipal Corporation of Delhi. South East:—Najafgarh Road.	75
8	27	South of Rajouri Garden and West of Railway line to Rewari North East:—Ring Road. South West:—100 feet wide Master Plan Road. North West:—Rajouri Garden and Subhash Nagar. South East:—100 feet wide Master Plan Road.	315
8	27A	North East:—80 feet wide Road. South East:—Jail Road. North:—Hari Nagar G Block and Delhi Transport Undertaking colony. South East:—100 feet wide Master Plan Road.	
9	28	Area South of Najafgarh Road and East of Pankha Road North East:—Boundary of proposed Development Area No. 56 and Jail Road. South West:—Pankha Road. North West:—Najafgarh Road. South East:—Railway line to Rewari.	775
10	29	Area near Naraina village for Residential and Industrial North East:—Ring Railway line. South West:—Ring Road. North West:—Development Area No. 5. South and South East:—Cantt. Area.	258
11	30	Additional area for Safdarjang Scheme Block 'C' near Hauz Khas North:—Development Area No. 8. South:—150 feet wide Road leading to Chirag Delhi. West:—Development Area No. 8. East:—Mehrauli Road and boundary of D.L.F. Hauz Khas extension.	76.44
12	31	East of Mehrauli Road at the junction of 150 feet Right of way to Engineering College to the North of above road North:—About 1000 feet towards East from a point of 800 feet along Mehrauli Road from the junction of 150 feet Road and Mehrauli Road. South:—About 1000 feet towards East from the junction of Mehrauli Road and 150 feet Road along 150 feet Road. East:—About 880 feet towards North from a point 1000 feet along 150 feet Road from the junction of 150 feet Road and Mehrauli Road. West:—About 880 feet towards North along Mehrauli Road from the junction of Mehrauli Road and 150 feet Road.	20
13	32	Area under special industries, educational and research institutions North:—Indian Institute of Technology. South:—Master Plan Regional Parks and Rocky lands. West:—100 feet wide Road meeting outer Ring Road and Mahipalpur Road. East:—Mehrauli Road.	459
14	33	West of Okhla Railway Station North:—Master Plan green. South:—Master Plan green. West:—Development Area No. 10. East:—Development Area No. 11.	220

1	2	3	4
15	34	Area East of Okhla Railway Station . . . . .	45
	A	South West:—Mathura Road. South East:—Friends Colony. North West:—45 feet wide proposed Road. North East:—Existing 30 feet wide Road and Friends Colony (old).	
	B	South West:—Mathura Road. South East:—Proposed Park. North West:—Friends Colony (old). North East:—50 feet wide proposed Road, and existing Friends Colony Road.	
	C	South West:—Mathura Road. South :—80 feet wide proposed Road. North :—Proposed Park. East :—60 feet proposed road.	
16	35	Area for Okhla Industries Phase I, II, III and area for industrial tenements North:—150 feet wide Master Plan Road towards north of Kalkaji Residential Area. South:—150 feet wide Road joining Mathura Road and 150 feet wide Road passing from west of Tuglakabad. East:—Railway line to Mathura. West:—150 feet wide Master plan road.	1120

[No. 21020(4)/66-UD.]

R. C. MEHRA, Under Secy.

**MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS***New Delhi, the 27th February 1967*

**S.O. 759.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by the proviso to article 309 of the Constitution, the President hereby makes the following rules further to amend the Manipur Employees (Revision of Pay Rules), 1966.

1. These rules may be called the Manipur Employees (Revision of Pay) Amendment Rules, 1967.

2. In Schedule to the Manipur Employees (Revision of Pay) Rules, 1966:—

(i) Under the heading "Medical Department" after item 37, the following entries shall be inserted under columns 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively:—

38. Sanitary Assistant/Vaccinator.—Rs. 35—1—51—2—55;  
Rs. 90—2—98—3—140.

(ii) Under the heading "Publicity Department" after item 16, the following entries shall be inserted under columns 1, 2, 3 and 4 respectively:—

17. Librarian.—Rs. 100—10—130—EB—6—190—EB—10—250;  
Rs. 175—10—225—EB—10—275—EB—12.50—400.

(iii) Under the heading "Public Works Department" in column 4, against entry No. 40, the scale of Rs. 140—6—170—EB—7—250—EB—7—275 shall be replaced by the scale of pay of Rs. 140—6—170—EB—7—205—EB—7—275.

[No. 1/16/65-HMT.]

V. P. MALHOTRA, Dy. Secy.

**ORDER***New Delhi, the 27th February 1967*

**S.O. 760.**—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Delhi Special Police Establishment Act, 1946 (25 of 1946), the Central Government hereby extends to the State of Bihar the powers and jurisdiction of the members of the Delhi Special Police Establishment for the investigation of offences punishable under sections 124-A and 505 of the Indian Penal Code (45 of 1860).

[No. 228/4/66-AVD(II).]

N. SRINIVASAN, Under Secy.

# MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY

(Indian Standards Institution)

New Delhi, the 15th February 1967

**S.O. 761.**—In pursuance of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 3 of the Indian Standards Institution (Certification Marks) Regulations, 1955, as subsequently amended, the Indian Standards Institution hereby notifies that seventy four licences, particulars of which are given in the Schedule hereto annexed, have been renewed.

## THE SCHEDULE

Serial No.	Licence No. and date	Period of Validity		Name and Address of the Licensee	Article/Process covered by the Licence	Relevant Indian Standard
		From	To			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
1	CM/L-47 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Hunsur Plywood Works, P.O. Hunsur (Mysore State).	Tea-chest plywood panels.	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)
2	CM/L-50 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. East India Plywood Co. Pvt. Ltd., 2 Netaji Subhas Road Calcutta.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)
3	CM/L-51 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Jeypore Timber & Veneer Mills Pvt. Ltd. Dibrugarh, Distt. Lakhimpur, (Upper Assam).	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)
4	CM/L-52 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	The Malabar Plywood Works, Cheruvannur, Feroke (Kerala State).	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS : 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)
5	CM/L-53 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. South India Plywood Industries, Market Landing, Kottayam (Kerala State).	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS : 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)
6	CM/L-56 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	The Great Indian Plywood Mfg. Co., 76 Jessore Road, Dum Dum, Calcutta-28.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS : 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests (second revision.)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
7	CM/L-57 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Assam Valley Plywood Pvt. Ltd., 67B, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta-1.	Tea-chest plywood panels.	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
8	CM/L-59 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Assam Bengal Veneer Industries Pvt. Ltd., 9, Clive Row, Calcutta-1 (Factory—Oodlabari).	Tea-chest plywood panels.	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
9	CM/L-60 20-1-1958	1-2-67	31-1-68	The Standard Furniture Co., Ltd., Kallai, Kozhikode-3 (Kerala State).	Tea-chest plywood panels.	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
10	CM/L-113 19-1-1959	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Phoneix Plywood Kottayam, Kerala.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS: 10-1954 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
11	CM/L-114 19-1-1959	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Vennu Plywood Co., Nemmara P.O., Kerala.	Tea-chest plywood panels	IS: 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
12	CM/L-156 20-11-1959	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Sulekha Works Ltd., Sulekha Park, Jadavpur, Calcutta-32.	Ferro-gallo tannate fountain pen ink (0.1 per cent iron content)	IS: 225-1959 Specification for ferro-gallo tannate fountain pen ink (0.1 per cent iron content). ( <i>revised</i> ).
13	CM/L-158 15-1-1960.	1-2-67	31-1-68	The Aluminium Industries Ltd., Hirakud, Sambalpur Distt. (Orissa State).	Steel-cored and plain stranded aluminium conductors of all types and sizes specified in IS: 398-1961.	IS: 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for over-head power transmission purposes ( <i>revised</i> ).
14	CM/L-161 15-1-1960.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Patiala Biscuit Mfrs. Pvt. Ltd., Rajpura (Punjab).	Biscuits (excluding wafer biscuits)	IS: 1011-1957 Specification for biscuits (excluding wafer biscuits).
15	CM/L-215 29-8-1960.	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., Pandit Motilal Nehru Road, Jamuna Kinara, Agra (U.P.)	BHC dusting powders.	IS: 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders ( <i>second revision</i> ).

16	CM/L-226 16-9-1960	.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Sulekha Works Ltd, Sulekha Park, Jadavpur, Calcutta-32.	Dye-based fountain pen ink, Blue, green, red and black.	IS : 1221-1957 Specification for dye-based fountain pen ink (blue, green, violet, black and red).
17	CM/L-256 29-12-1960	.	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., Palluruthy, Cochin-5.	Copper oxychloride dusting powders.	IS : 1505-1959 Specification for copper oxychloride dusting powders.
18	CM/L-257 29-12-1960	.	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., Palluruthy, Cochin-5.	Copper oxychloride water dis- persible powder concentrates.	IS : 1507-1959 Specification for copper oxychloride water dis- persible powder concentrates.
19	CM/L-259 13-1-1961	.	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. G.M.C. Himco Industries Ltd., Kamlanagar, Subzi- mandi, Delhi-6.	18-litre square tins.	IS : 916-1958 Specification for 18-litre square tins.
20	CM/L-338 1-19-1961	.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Indo-Asian Traders Pvt. Ltd., Nakodar Road, Jullun- dur City.	Metal clad switches, 15 amp 250 volts, with HC type fuse base and carrier.	IS : 1567-1960 Specification for metal clad switches (current rating not exceeding 100 amperes).
21	CM/L-372 11-1-1962	.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., Pandit Motilal Nehru Road, Jamuna Kinara, Agra (U.P.)	BHC emulsifiable concentrates.	IS : 632-1958 Specification for BHC emulsifiable concentrates.
22	CM/L-374 11-1-1962	.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Abrol Engg. Co., Circular Road, Kapurthala.	Metal clad switches, 15 amp 250 volts, with HC and MEM types fuse bases and carriers.	IS : 1567-1960 Specification for metal clad switches (current rating not exceeding 100 amperes).
23	CM/L-376 16-1-1962	.	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Surma Valley Sawmills Pvt. Ltd., P.O. Bhangabazar, Assam.	Tea-chest plywood panels.	IS : 10-1964 Specification for plywood tea-chests ( <i>second revision</i> ).
24	CM/L-462 28-9-1962	.	16-12-66	15-12-67	M/s. Sambhar Salts Ltd., Sambhar Lake.	(i) Common salt for butter and cheese industry. (ii) Free-flowing table salt	(i) IS:1845-1961 Specification for common salt for butter and cheese industry. (ii) IS : 2035-1961 Specification for free-flowing table salt.

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25	CM/L-480 29-11-1962	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Jai Electrical Industries S/52 Industrial Area, Jullundur City.	Metalclad switches, 15 amp 250 volts, with HC type fuse base and carrier.	IS: 1567-1960 Specification for metal clad switches (current rating not exceeding 100 amperes).
26	CM/L-481 29-11-1962	16-1-67	15-1-68	Govt. Central Lock Factory, (Directorate of Industries, Govt. of West Bengal), Bar- gachia, Distt. Howrah.	(i) Brass padlocks (ii) M type brass padlocks.	(i) IS: 275-1961 Specification for padlocks ( <i>second revision</i> ) (ii) IS: 1018-1961 Specification for M type brass padlocks ( <i>revised</i> ).
27	CM/L-484 20-12-1962	1-1-67	31-12-67	M/s. Vijaya Foundry, T. S. No. 10/1075/3 Puliakulam Rd., Pappanaickenpalayam, Coimbatore	Horizontal centrifugal pumps for clear cold, fresh water, size 25 mm x 25 m to 100 mm 100 mm	IS : 1520-1960 Specification for horizontal centrifugal pumps for clear, cold, fresh water.
28	CM/L-487 26-12-1962	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Sulekha Works Ltd., Sulekha Park, Jadavpur, Calcutta-32.	Ink, drawing, waterproof, black	IS : 789-1955 Specification for ink, drawing, water- proof, black.
29	CM/L-491 26-12-1962	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Ganapathy Engg. Ma- nufacturers Pvt. Ltd., Gana- pathy, Coimbatore-6	Metal clad switches 15 amp 250 volts, with MEM type fuse base and carrier	IS : 1567-1960 Specification for metal clad switches (cur- rent rating not exceeding 100 amperes).
30	CM/L-494 31-12-1962	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. C. M. C. (India), Survey No. 529, Near Electricity Sub-Station, Odhav Road, Ahmedabad-10.	Ultramarine blue for paints	IS : 55-1950 Specification for ultramarine blue for paints.
31	CM/L-495 31-12-1962	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Feroke Tile Works, Feroke (Kerala State)	Salt-glazed stoneware pipes and fittings of diameter 100 mm, 150 mm and 300 mm	IS : 651-1962 Specification for salt-glazed stoneware pipes and fittings ( <i>revised</i> ).
32	CM/L-499 14-1-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	Kolay Biscuits Co Pvt. Ltd., 100-A, Charkdanga Road, Belaghata, Calcutta-10	Biscuits (excluding wafer biscuits)	IS : 1011-1957 Specification for biscuits (excluding wafer biscuits).
33	CM/L-500 11-1-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Aluminium Industries Ltd., No. 1 Ceramic Fac- tory Road, Kundara	PVC cables only with aluminium conductors (250 and 650 volts grade)	(i) IS : 694 (Part I)—1954 Spec- ification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 1 100 volts) with copper conductors ( <i>revised</i> )

					(ii) IS : 694 (Part II)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages upto 100 volts) with aluminium conductors (revised)
34	CM/L-501 23-1-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Tata Fison Industries Ltd., 20 Howrah Road, Salkia, Calcutta having their office at Union Bank Bldg., Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay-1.	Endrin emulsifiable concentrates IS : 1310-1958 Specification for endrin emulsifiable concentrates.
35	CM/L-610 31-12-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Asian Cables Corpn. Ltd., Kotakwadi, Pokhran Road, Post Box No. 11, Thana, (Maharashtra State) having their regd. office at 254/D2, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, Bombay-18.	(i) PVC insulated cables, unsheathed, both with aluminium and copper conductors 250 and 650 volts grade; (ii) PVC insulated and PVC sheathed cables with aluminium and copper conductors, 250 volts grade; (iii) PVC insulated and PVC sheathed cables with aluminium conductors, 650 volts grade; and (iv) PVC insulated flexible cords with copper conductors, 250 volts grade
					(i) IS : 694 (Part I) 1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages upto 100 volts) with copper conductors revised (ii) IS : 694 (Part II)-1964 Specification for PVC insulated cables (for voltages up to 100 volts) with aluminium conductors (revised)
36	CM/L-611 31-12-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Parkash Pulverising Mills, Industrial Area, Alwar.	BHC dusting powders IS : 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders (second revision)
37	CM/L-612 31-12-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. National Refinery Pvt. Ltd., 205/207 Swami Vivekanand Road, Jogeshwari, Bombay-60 having their office at 87 Tardeo Road, Bombay-34.	Silver copper brazing alloys IS : 2927-1964 Specification for brazing alloys.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
38	CM/L-613 31-12-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	The National Rolling & Steel Ropes Ltd., Shammagar, 24 Parganas, West Bengal having their regd. office at Nicco House, 1 and 2, Hare Street, Calcutta-1.	Steel wire ropes for winding purposes in mines.  Steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines.	IS : 1855-1961 Specification for steel wire ropes for winding purposes in mines.  IS : 1856-1961 Specification for steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines.
39	CM/L-615 31-12-1963	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Fayer (India) Ltd., Pal-khiwadi, Off Cadel Road, Bombay-28 having their office at Nagin Mahal, 5th Floor, Veer Nariman Road, Fort, Bombay-1.	Parathion emulsifiable concentrates.	IS : 2129-1962 Specification for parathion emulsifiable concentrates.
40	CM/L-616 7-1-1964	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Jaipur Metals & Electricals Ltd., Near Rly. Station, Jaipur (Rajasthan).	Hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel-cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes.	IS : 398-1961 Specification for hard-drawn stranded aluminium and steel cored aluminium conductors for overhead power transmission purposes ( <i>revised</i> ).
41	CM/L-767 24-8-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Indian Rolling Mills, 79, Fazalganj, Kanpur.	Structural steel (standard steel)	IS : 226-1962 Specification for structural steel (standard quality) ( <i>third revision</i> ).
42	CM/L-768 24-8-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Indian Rolling Mills, 79, Fazalganj, Kanpur.	Structural steel (ordinary quality).	IS : 1977-1962 Specification for structural steel (ordinary quality)
43	CM/L-907 28-11-1964	1-12-66	30-11-67	The Calcutta Jute Mfg. Co. Ltd., 93, Narkeldanga Main Road, Calcutta-II having their office at 4, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian	IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
44	CM/L-908 28-11-1964	1-12-66	30-11-67	The Calcutta Jute Mfg. Co. Ltd., 93, Narkeldanga Main Road, Calcutta-II having their office at 4, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings	IS : 1943-1964 Specification for A-twill jute bags ( <i>revised</i> )



					IS : 2566-1965 Specification for B-twill jute bags ( <i>revised</i> )
					IS : 2874-1964 Specification for heavy cee jute bags.
					IS : 2875-1964 Specification for jute corn sacks.
					IS : 2818-1964 Specification for Indian hessian.
45	CM/L-947 28-11-1964	1-12-66	30-11-67	The Agarpara Co. Ltd., P. O. Kamarhatty, 24 Parganas having their office at 1 & 2, Old Court House Corner, Calcutta-1.	Jute hessian
46	CM/L-948 28-11-1964	1-12-66	30-11-67	The Agarpara Co. Ltd., P. O. Kamarhatty, 24 Parganas having their office at 1 & 2, Old Court House Corner, Calcutta-1.	Jute sackings
47	CM/L-978 2-12-1964	1-12-66	30-11-67	M/s. Gladstone Lyall & Co. Ltd., 59, Kalicharan Ghosh Road, Sinthi, Calcutta-2 having their regd. office at 4, Fairlie Place, Calcutta-1.	Bitumen felts for waterproofing, type 3 grades 1 and 2.
48	CM/L-982 24-12-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Kamani Metallic Oxides Pvt. Ltd. Agra Road, Kurla, Bombay-70 (AS)	Litharge for paints
49	CM/L-983 24-12-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Kamani Metallic Oxides Pvt. Ltd., Agra Road, Kurla; Bombay-70 (AS).	Zinc oxide for paints.
50	CM/L-984 24-12-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Kamani Metallic Oxides Pvt. Ltd., Agra Road, Kurla Bombay-70 (AS).	Red lead for paints, type C.
51	CM/L-988 31-12-1964	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Emco General Industries, 95/1, Cossipore Road, Calcutta-12, (West Bengal) having their office at P-16, New C.I.T. Road, India Exchange Place Extension, Calcutta-12.	Plastic water-closet seats and covers phenolic
					IS : 57-1965 Specification for red lead for paints and jointing purposes ( <i>revised</i> )
					IS : 2548-1963 Specification for plastic water closet seats and covers.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
52	CM/L-991 21-1-1965	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Assam Forest Products Pvt. Ltd. Makum Junction (Assam) having their regd. office at Dibrugarh (Assam).	Plywood for general purposes	IS: 303-1960 Specification for plywood for general purposes ( <i>revised</i> ).
53	CM/L-993 25-1-1965	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Indiclay, Plot No. 2, Udyog Nagar, Goregaon, Bombay-62.	BHC dusting powders	IS: 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders ( <i>second revision</i> ).
54	CM/L-994 25-1-1965	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. All India Medical Corpn., Simpoli Road, Borivli West, Bombay-66 having their office at 185 Princess Street, Bombay-2.	DDT dusting powders	IS: 564-1961 Specification for DDT dusting powders ( <i>revised</i> ).
55	CM/L-995 25-1-1965	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. All India Medical Corpn., Simpoli Road, Borivli West, Bombay-66 having their office at 185 Princess Street, Bombay-2.	Endrin emulsifiable concentrates	IS: 1310-1958 Specification for endrin emulsifiable concentrates.]
56	CM/L-996 25-1-1965	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. All India Medical Corpn., Simpoli Road, Borivli West, Bombay-66 having their office at 185 Princess Street, Bombay-2.	Copper oxychloride water dispersible powder concentrates	IS: 1507-1959 Specification for copper oxychloride water dispersible powder concentrates.
57	CM/L-1123 12-8-1965	1-1-67	31-12-67	M/s. General Engg. & Electric Works, 9 Dinoo Lane, Howrah	Three-phase induction motors, 1 hp only	IS: 325-1961 Specification for three phase induction motors ( <i>second revision</i> ).
58	CM/L-1124 12-8-1965	1-1-67	31-12-67	M/s. General Engg. & Electric Works, 9 Dinoo Lane, Howrah	Small AC electric Motors with class 'A' insulation 1 hp only, single phase capacitor start	IS: 996-1964 Specification for single phase small AC and universal electric motors ( <i>revised</i> ).
59	CM/L-1169 3-12-1965	1-1-67	31-12-67	M/s. Central Fertilizers & Fertilizers, 110, Industrial Estate, Indore (M.P.)	DDT water dispersible powder concentrates	IS: 565-1961 Specification for DDT water dispersible powder concentrates ( <i>revised</i> ).
60	CM/L-1175 9-12-1965	1-1-67	31-12-67	M/s. Agromore Ltd., Mysore Road, Bangalore.	Liquid amine salts of 2,4-D	IS: 1827-1961 Specification for liquid amine salts of 2, 4-D.

61	CM/L-1187 30-12-1965	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Seshasayee Wire Ropes Ltd., Elathala P.O., Alwaye (Kerala State)	(i) Steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines (ii) Steel wire ropes for winding purposes in mines.]	(i) IS: 1856-1961 Specification for steel wire ropes for haulage purposes in mines. (ii) IS: 1855-1961 Specification for steel wire ropes for winding purposes in mines.
62	CM/L-1188 30-12-1965	16-1-67	15-1-63	M/s. Seshasayee Wire Ropes Ltd., Elathala P.O., Alwaye (Kerala State)	Steel wire ropes for general engineering purposes.	IS: 2266-1963 Specification for steel wire ropes for general engineering purposes.
63	CM/L-1189 6-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-63	M/s. Nestles' Products (India) Ltd., 3 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi (Factory at Ludhiana-Ferozepur Link Road, Near Kingwah Canal, Moga, Punjab Under the Style of Food Specialities Ltd).	Infant milk foods.	IS: 1547-1960 Specification for infant milk foods.
64	CM/L-1190 6-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Central Insecticides & Fertilizers, 110 Industrial Estate, Indore (M. P.)	BHC water dispersible powder concentrates	IS: 562-1962 Specification for BHC water dispersible powder concentrates ( <i>second revision</i> ).
65	CM/L-1191 6-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Central Insecticides & Fertilizers, 110, Industrial Estate, Indore (M. P.)	BHC dusting powders.	IS: 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders ( <i>second revision</i> ).
66	CM/L-1193 10-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-68	The Bharat Carbon & Ribbon Mfg. Co. Ltd., 543 Basantlal Saha Road, Calcutta-53 having their office at N-75 Bombay Life Bldg., Connaught Circus, New Delhi-1.	Ink, duplicating, all weather, black for rotary type machines	IS: 1221-1957 Specification for ink, duplicating, all weather, black for rotary type machines.
67	CM/L-1195 10-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Prakash Metal Industries, Chhachrauli Gate, Jagadhri (Ph.)	Rolled brass sheet and strip, grade Bs 63	IS: 410-1959 Specification for rolled brass plate, sheet, strip and foil ( <i>revised</i> ).
68	CM/L-1197 14-1-1966	16-1-67	15-1-68	M/s. Dharti Dhan Pvt. Ltd., Sundervas, Station Road, Udaipur.	BHC dusting powders.	IS: 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders ( <i>second revision</i> ).
69	CM/L-1198 18-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Bengal Enamel Works Ltd., Enamelnagar, Palta, 24-Parganas having their regd. office at 41 Chowringhee Road, Calcutta-16.	Enamel ware for home use.	IS: 3149-1965 Specification for enamel ware for home use.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
70	CM/L-1199 18-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Bharat Pulverising Mills Pvt. Ltd., Chinchpokli Cross Lane, Byculla, Bombay-27 having their office at Hexamar House, 28-A, Sayani Road, Bombay-28.	Graphite powder for use as foundry facing material, grade I.	IS: 1305-1963 Specification for graphite for use as foundry facing material ( <i>revised</i> ).
71	CM/L-1200 19-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Hindusthan National Glass Mfg. Co. Ltd., Bahadurgarh, Distt. Rohtak.	Glass milk bottles.	IS: 1392-1959 Specification for glass milk bottles.
72	CM/L-1201 20-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Central Insecticides & Fertilizers, Saki Naka, Vihar Lake Road, Kurla, Bombay-70 having their office at 110, Industrial Estate, Indore (M. P.).	BHC dusting powders.	IS: 561-1962 Specification for BHC dusting powders ( <i>second revision</i> ).
73	CM/L-1202 20-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Central Insecticides & Fertilizers, Saki Naka, Vihar Lake Road, Kurla, Bombay-70 having their office at 110, Industrial Estate, Indore (M. P.).	Endrin emulsifiable concentrates.	IS: 1310-1958 Specification for endrin emulsifiable concentrates.
74	CM/L-1203 20-1-1966	1-2-67	31-1-68	M/s. Kaira District Co-operative Milk Producers Union Ltd., Anand (W. Rly), Kaira Distt., Gujarat State.	Condensed milk, full-cream, sweetened.	IS: 1166-1957 Specification for condensed milk.

[No. MD/33 : 16/A.]  
B.S. KRISHNAMACHAR,  
Deputy Director General.